Imperfect Page

The Bismarck Tribune.

VOL. X. BISMARCK, D. T., FRIDAY AUGUST 11, 1882. NO. 10.

A FULL NEWS REPORT.

OUR MANDAN FELLOW CITIZENS ELECT DELEGATES.

Extensive Land Scheme of Mr. Hatch and Associates—Congress "Peters Out" at Last—Other Telegrams Condensed.

The Morton County Convention.

MANDAN, Aug. 8.—[Special.]—The convention of the people of Morton county, called by Mr. John Warn, chairman of the republican convention of this county, was duly held at the opera house. A good crowd was in attendance. A small faction of arrogant partisans at first threatened to transform the meeting into a very pandemonium, but in this were unsuccessful. When they at last had left the hall and the air was cleared from the vile slang of the obstructionists, the meeting appointed Mr. E. Boley chairman and Frank Briggs secretary, business proceeding without delay. The following men were duly elected delegates to represent Morton county at the convention at Grand Forks Frank J. Mead, John Fogarty, E. F. Dorin, W. A. Carr, J. Simmons, E. Boley. John Warn then made the announcement that he ratified the meeting unqualifiedly, as the regular convention of Morton county. The delegates go to Grand Forks to favor a North Dakota man and a real strong anti-Pettigrew man.

Now Shed Your Tears

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—President Arthur, Secretary Folger and Attorney General Brewster arrived at the capitol at a quarter past 2 and proceeded to the president's room, where Secretaries Lincoln and Chandler were already in waiting. The president was kept busy for half an hour or more signing various bills submitted for signature. All the bills presented to the president were signed and reported back to congress before adjournment. As soon as the senate adjourned many of its members visited the president's room and an informal reception took place, and congratulations exchanged upon the termination of the long session of the senate.

The number of printed columns occupied in the Congressional Record by the proceedings of the house 9,223, senate 6,008. Number of hours sessions of the house 1,006; senate 733 Executive sessions of the senate fifty-eight hours.

No business of note was transacted in either house to day except the performance of the ceremonies usually extended at the close of a session. At 3 p. m., in accordance with a concurrent resolution, both houses adjourned sine die.

Latest War News.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug 8, 6 p. m.—The guns of the iron clad Temeraire, lying opposite Romlet, cover the ground between the British lines and the outposts of the enemy. The Temeraire has just commenced firing in consequence of the outposts making a forward movement After a few shots from the Temeraire the enemy abandoned their position.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 8.—An official dispatch from the rebel government claims that Saturday's engagement was an Egyptian victory It says the English were pursued until nightfall.

De Lesseps sent a telegram here declaring that the whole of Egypt is embraced in the case of the national party. The English will find everywhere a determined and intelligent defense to check their enterprise, if possible. The departure of Dervish Pasha and Serves Pasha for Egypt is postponed.

Why Mr. Hatch Comes West.

CHICAGO, Aug 8.—Rufus Hatch, of New York, who was here last week, has in connection with a syndicate of English and American capitalists purchased 750 000 acres of the grazing lands at $1 per acre on the Yellowstone river near the border of Dakota, and is now inspecting the purchase. Fifty thousand head of young cattle will be placed on the immense range, and a city will be laid out on the river. The North Pacific will run within twenty miles of the ranch. Mr. Rodgers, of London, Lawrence Jerome and others, of New York, are interested in the scheme.

Death of Gen. Warren.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 8.—Gen. G. K. Warren, U. S. A., died at his residence in this city to-night. He had been confined to his bed less than one week, but for a long time, especially since the close of the recent court of inquiry relative to his conduct at the battle of Five Forks, he has shown signs of great mental depression. The deceased leaves a widow and three small children. He has resided here since the close of the war, and has been in charge of the United States engineer department for New England.

A Committee to Watch Contracts.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The select committee of the house appointed to examine contracts made in application for appropriation wor for the improvement of the Mississippi river organized and agreed to meet in Cairo early in November and proceed with the work.

A Dark Tragedy.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 8.—Frank Braggs, a negro, shot and killed another negro in an alley in the rear of 127 North street at about 8 o'clock to-night. Braggs was arrested. The affair grew out of family troubles, in which the wife of Jackson was involved.

Suffocated by Foul Air.

BENSON, Minn., Aug. 8.—John Kenna, one of the most respected farmers of Tara township, while being let down in a well to clean it yesterday. was suffocated by foul air and fell to the bottom of the well, which is about eighty feet deep, where at this writing the body still remains. Michael Conlogue then attempted to go down, but he had descended but a short distance when, seeing that the foul air was affecting him, he was drawn up so nearly overcome that he had th have assistance to stand.

Windom's Whisky Racket.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The report presented to the senate by Senator Windom, chairman of the select committee to investigate the alleged improper use of money to promote or defeat the "bonded spirits" bill, states that the committee obtained much valuable information as to the condition of the whisky trade, and the modes employed to obtain relief from over production, but they did not find that any money had been corruptly employed to promote the passage of said bill.

A Steal as is a Steal.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—Hilgert, the absconder, got away with nearly half a million dollars. The loss is divided among several firms, the Mechanics' bank losing $50,000; the Philadelphia National bank $44,000; Markland & Phelps, New York, $60,000; Newbolds & Sons, note brokers, $68,000; Geo. C. Carson & Co., $177,400; Providence Life Trust company $28,000; T. L. Welch $25,000; Remsen & Tate $26,000. Other firms lose minor amounts.

Policy Shop Raided.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—PPinkerton's detectives, by a decision of the district attorney, to-day raided the policy and lottery shops of Zachariah Simmons, capturing ten prisoners and all the paraphernalia. The municipal police have not been employed in the business at all. Heretofore, when a raid was proposed, the gamblers always procured word in advance, and the attempt to seize them was frustrated.

The Boss Balloters.

BEARDSTOWN, Ill., Aug. 8.—The democratic congressional convention of the twelfth district, which after 1,304 ballots adjourned at Mt. Sterling, Saturday, re-convened here this afternoon and began again on the 1,305th ballot, which resulted: Singleton, 26; Wilkes, 13; Williams, 13. On this vote Jersey voted for Singleton, and thus the vote stood on the 1,375th ballot, when a recess was taken for a caucus.

A Bulldozing Scheme.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 8.—A Chicago inventor named Kelley, who held a patent on the use of magnets in removing corn from wheat, threatens to bring suit against mill owners in this city who make use of the invention. Mr. Seamans, of this city, secretary and treasurer of the national millers' association, considers it a scheme to bulldoze millers into paying a royalty.

Rough on the Thumpers.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—Inspector Thorne issued a general order this afternoon to all precincts directing captains to prevent glove fights, as coming under the head of prize fights under the new construction of the law. Thorne also instructed Capt. Williams to obtain warrants for the arrest of Sullivan and Wilson so they can be bound over to keep the peace.

Will Feed the Hillsdales.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The Sportsman publishes a letter from Secretary North of the London club, stating that a meeting of the club will be held on Friday next to propose a vote of sympathy with the Hillsdale crew. Mr. North says the London club will give a private banquet to the Hillsdales before their departure.

The Alabama Elections.

SELMA, Ala., Aug. 8.—Specials to the Times to-night from about fifty counties in the state show the election of O'Neil and all the democratic state tickets by a large majority, though much reduced from that of 1880. The election was very quiet and a light vote was polled everywhere.

Chinese Driven from Their Work.

GALVESTON, Aug. 8.—The News' El Paso special says: The section hands on the Southern Pacific attacked a gang of Chinese laborers at Yesta yesterday, and drove them to this city. Several of the Chinese were badly hurt.

A Drunken Man's Terrible Death.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Aug. 8.—An unknown man was run over and killed by a passenger train Sunday night, near the junction. He turns out to be Jos. Whitsall, of Stockwell. He was very drunk at the time of the accident.

Going to the Festival.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 8.—President Arthur promises to be present at the second annual Oriole festival, Sept. 12, 13 and 14. All the military organizations in the country are invited to participate in the competitive drill.

Will Take the Water Route.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The president has decided to make his trip to New York by water. The U. S. steamer Dispatch has been placed at his disposal. She will probably start Thursday.

The Late Steamer Explosion.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 9.—No additional particulars of the explosion of the steamer Gold Dust near Hickman, Ky., yesterday, have been received here at this writing, 10 a. m. The facts as far as known are that the steamer blew up, and caught fire, sinking after she had burned to the water's edge. The reports thus far received fix the killed at 17 and the wounded at 47. The steamer City of Alton is reported to have arrived at Cairo late last night with the dead and wounded, and will come through to St. Louis direct. The names of the missing are not known, as the books were lost, and the number may swell to twenty or thirty more.

CAIRO, Ill., Aug. 9.—At Hickman one colored man died this morning, and another is expected to die soon. Undertaker Gardner is still living, but is in a critical condition. The passengers and crew are under treatment.

The Emma Bond Rape Case.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 9.—This was the second day of the examination of Lee Pettis, John Montgomery and Edward Clements at Taylorsville on the charge of committing an outrage on Emma Bond in the latter part of June. Immense crowds were in attendance. Miss Bond is yet unable to be out of her bed. The state closed its testimony to-day, having called 130 witnesses. The testimony for the defense began this afternoon, sufficient proof being adduced to warrant the belief that the court will hold the accused to answer. Specials state that the effect of the evidence thus far has been to render it almost certain that if set at liberty they would be lynched.

A Deserted Village.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Aug. 9.—Feltville, the deserted village in Union county, was to-day sold at auction sale by the receiver of the Globe Insurance Company of New York for $11,450. The village contains twenty houses, two mills, church, school house, store and mill dam. In the sale was included 800 acres of land, 200 acres tillable. The village was first owned and built by Felt, the paper manufacturer, and was then very flourishing. He sold to Townsend, the sarsaparilla man, and the latter borrowed $600,000 from the Globe Mutual on a mortgage. The president of the Globe company once offered $250,000 for the property.

Walked Off a St. Paul Bluff.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 9.—A man who bore on his person papers showing his name to be E. J. Wallingford, from Ohio, fell over the bluffs near the foot of Minnesota street about 6 o'clock last evening. He was still alive when picked up by Officer McFertridge, but died before the hack reached McCarthy & Donnelly's undertaking rooms, where he was conveyed. He had registered at the Manitoba House as E. Russell, and had also a pawn ticket for a watch with Lytle bearing the same name. His injuries were chiefly internal, producing hemorrhage and severe bleeding.

Whisky and Democracy.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 9.—At a meeting of the anti-prohibition league of Indianapolis to-night, the following resolutions were passed:

Resolved, That at the election in November next, we support the democratic party.

Resolved, That we request all independent voters who care more for the welfare of our country than for party, to stand by us in the battle for personal liberty.

This action was taken after the proceedings of the republican state convention held to-day.

Killed by His Mistress.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—Florentine Kreatz, a laborer aged 19, was murdered by his mistress, a young girl named Kate Hertz, this morning. The murderess is at large. John Schnieder, a hackman, who was intimate with Kate and jealous of Kreatz, was arrested this afternoon. He could throw no light on the murder nor give any clue to the girl's hiding place. The police think it possible the murder was committed without premeditation in a quarrel, as only one stab wound was inflicted, and that cut the jugular vein.

A Tragedy and a Warning.

RED WING, Minn., Aug. 9.—In the town of Hay Creek yesterday Fred Horn's team, attached to a reaper, took fright and ran away. Horn's brother-in-law who was riding, was caught on the grain divider and mangled horribly. Horn, in attempting to stop the horses, was thrown in front of the platform, caught in the muscles and bones of the back by the guards and sickles and in that manner dragged considerable distance. Both men will probably die.

Story of a Swede and Some Tramps.

DODGE CENTRE, Kan., Aug. 9.—To-night some tramps inveigled a Swede into a freight car. The train started soon after when the tramps robbed the Swede and ejected him. The Swede yelled, and the conductor hearing him, pulled the coupling pin and stopped the caboose. The Swede was picked up, fatally hurt. The train ran to the next station, when the engineer "tumbled" and ran back. The tramps were caught and will perhaps be lynched.

Slim Chance for a Race.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Hillsdales think the delay in the replies from America touching their status may have arisen from the fact that the Amateur Rowing Association addressed the presidents of the various American clubs instead of their secretaries. There is no chance of the acceptance of the Hillsdales, challenge, unless the rowing association have answers before to morrow.

Thieves Shot Dead.

DENVER, Aug. 9.—The Tribune's Breckenridge special says: Last Friday Wm. Bird and son who live on a ranch at Bear river, when returning home from work discovered that their cabin had been burglarized. In company with five other men they started in pursuit, soon overtaking the thieves, who with Mr. Bird's son were shot and killed.

The Ancient Order of Druids.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 9.—The grand grove of the United States Ancient Order of Druids elected the following officers: Most noble grand arch, Chas. Weber, St. Paul; grand treasurer, Phillip Reichwein, Indianapolis; trustees, Henry Zinzerheim, St. Louis; J. H. A. Miller, Cincinnati. The order is in a prosperous condition.

Went Through a Bridge.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 9.—The information is just received that near Pittsburg station, Tex., early Tuesday morning the eastern bound passenger train was derailed at the bridge, and fell through into the water. Five persons were killed, among them, L. M. Titter, of Little Rock, whose remains arrived to-day.

St. Julien Laid up for Repairs.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The famous trotter St. Julien was brought to the farm of Dr. Ormond, a veterinary surgeon, near Bayview, to be treated for a broken superior ligament in one of the fore legs. The trainer and driver expect to have the horse in condition for the track in a few days.

Heavy Fire.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 9.—Henry Hencher's sash, door and blind factory was destroyed to-day by fire, which is supposed to have originated about the boilers. The loss on machinery and stock is $24,000; insurance, $9,000; loss on building, owned by W. J. Gordon, $6,000; no insurance.

Anti-Prohibitionists.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 9.—About 6 o'clock well known citizens organized to-night the Milwaukee Liberal League No. 120, an auxiliary of the National Liberal League. They will take active part in the impending campaign as an anti-prohibitionist element.

Tug Wilson and Jim Elliott.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—Partial arrangements were made to-day for a prize fight for $2,000 a side and the championship of the world, between "Tug" Wilson and James Elliott, in New Orleans, or any place within 500 of it agreed upon as a fighting ground.

Egyptian Matters.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 9—The family of Gen. Stone has arrived. When they left Cairo, on the 3d inst., everything was quiet. The officials of the war ministry took the members of the family to see Midshipman LeClair. He was in perfect health.

Pretty Good Pay.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—Longshoremen at the Washington avenue elevators succeded in securing an advance of $1 per day. They have been receiving three dollars.

Malignant Small-pox in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 9.—Five cases of the most violent type of small-pox have been discovered in the family of a man named Lund, in the village of Stanchfield, this state.

Their Salaries Were not Paid.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Henry Wolfsohl, who has been managing a summer night concert troup here, has disappeared, leaving the salaries of the company unpaid.

Nominated at Last.

BRAIDSTOWN, Ill., Aug. 9.—J. W. Riggs, of Scott county, was nominated for congress on the 1,521st ballot. Singleton had twenty-six votes.

The Fatal Cow.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Aug. 10.—A construction train on the South Carolina railroad was ditched near Branchville this morning by running over a cow. Engineer Armstrong was killed and several employes slightly wounded.

Milwaukee Socialists.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 10.—Louise Michel, the famous female socialist of France, and Baron Von Vollmer, of the German Reichstag, will lecture in this city some time in September under the auspices of the local socialistic organization.

The Harvest at Yankton.

YANKTON, D. T., Aug. 10,—The harvest of small grain is finished, and about a third of the stacking done. Wheat ranges from 15 to 30 bushels per acre. Corn is maturing rapidly and the yield will be large.

Solid for Pettigrew.

HURON, D. T., Aug. 9.—[Special.]—Beadle county is solid for Pettigrew. His vote in the mass convention to elect delegates to Grand Forks was 189 to 74.

Fire in St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 10.—St. Aubin's boarding stable of Sixth street burned this afternoon. Loss, $8,000: insurance, $3,000.

RAILWAY TRAIN "IN SOAK."

EMBARGO ON GREAT WESTERN TRAFFIC AT DETROIT.

Condition of Crops in Dakota, in the United States, and in Europe—Brief Telegraphic Mention.

Important Litigation at Detroit.

DETROIT, Aug. 10.—Yesterday afternoon an attachment was prepared in the Wayne circuit court at the instance of the Erie & Chicago Car company, against such property of the Great Western Railway company of Canada, as could be found in the United States. Sheriff Clappert notified his assistant to be on hand this morning, when they proceeded quietly to the Detroit & Milwaukee depot, where he seized the ferry transit steamer Michigan, with a train of cars for the east on board, and all the rolling stock and other property in sight belonging to the Great Western. This sudden attachment has created a complete embargo on the Great Western traffic. Nothing can go from this side, and nothing dare come from the other. The car company declares that if a settlement is not speedily effected, they will stop business at Port Huron as well as here. The fight makes a decided sensation.

Wheat at Home and Abroad.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The agricultural department's report on the condition of crops, says: Wheat returns for August relate to the spring variety. Its condition is higher than for years. It was 88 in 1880 and 81 in 1879 and 1881. It is now 97, against 100 last month. It is somewhat late, but was nearly ready for harvest at the date of the returns. There are some indications of rust and blight in parts of Minnesota and northern Iowa. Returns from Dakota and Nebraska are extremely favorable. The general average in the principal states is as follows: Wisconsin, 99; Minnesota, 98: Iowa; 93; Dakota, 99; Nebraska, 103: California, 96. It is quite probable that the product of winter and spring wheat, without loss by speculating, after harvest will slightly exceed 500,000,000 bushels.

London cable dispatches to-day say wheat in England promises an average crop of good quality. In France a medium crop, slightly damaged by rain in blooming. In Germany recent heavy rains have deteriorated the quality. In Russia and Austria an average crop, and in Hungary 15 per cent above the average European.

St. Paul's Big Tavern.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 10.—Articles of incorporation of the St. Paul Hotel Company, with a stock of $500,000, were filed with the register of deeds this morning. The incorporators are John B. Sanborn, Geo. R. Finch, Wm. Dawson, Wm. R. Merriam, and Wm. Lindeke, all residing in St. Paul. The time of commencement of the corporation is the 10th day of August, 1882, the same to continue for a period of thirty years. The highest amount of indebtedness to which the corporation shall at any time be liable is $250,000. The capital stock is to be divided into 10,000 shares at $50 each. The names of the board of directors are as follows: C. D. Gilfillan. Conrad Gotzain, Wm. Dawson, Wm. Lindeke, P. H. Kelly. Geo. E. Finch, and W. R. Merriam. The government of the corporation is vested in the board of directors, to consist of seven shareholders and a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, to be elected the first Monday in December, 1882, and thereafter annually.

Great Military Fair.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The society of the Army of the Cumberland, through its Garfield monument committee, have determined to give, under the provision of the joint resolution of congress, Aug. 5. 1882, a national fair in the rotunda of the United States capitol at Washington, commencing on the 25th of November, 1882, and ending on the 3rd of December, 1882, the object being to raise the greatest possible amount of funds to aid in the erection of a statue at Washington, D. C., to the memory and honor of President James A. Garfield.

Souls Made Happy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—There were 422 persons appointed to clerkships in the pensions office to-day. The appointments were classified by states as follows: Pennsylvania, 45, New York 40, Indiana 37. Ohio 37, Illinois 25, Kentucky 23, Virginia 22, Michigan 20, Massachusetts 17, Connecticut 15, District of Columbia 14, New Jersey 13, Wisconsin 12. Secretary of the Interior Joslyn desires it understood that the reports imputing animus to the interior department in discriminating against females in these appointments is utterly groundless.

Chicago Murder and Suicide.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Paul Tallnera, a machinist on Division street, who has frequently quarreled with his young wife, took a heroic method of ending their troubles this afternoon. He took her to one side of their domicile and said: "Will you obey me after this?" Receiving an evasive reply, he pulled a 32-caliber revolver and fired two shots into her breast, killing her instantly. Stepping into adjoining room, he then put a bullet through his own heart. They had been married two years and had one child.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

WHAT PETTIGREW HAS DONE.

Several Dakota papers seem to be laboring under the impression that Delegate Pettigrew has done nothing for his constituents at this session of congress. Even in the more enlightened journalistic field of North Dakota there are those who seem to be in the dark in this matter. The Washington Republican, one of the ablest journals in the country, and one that certainly has an opportunity to be familiar with Mr. Pettigrew's record, says: "A private letter from Judge Kidder, of Dakota, to a friend in this city, brings the pleasing news that Hon. R. F. Pettigrew, the present incumbent, will be renominated and re-elected delegate to congress. Judge Kidder's judgment in the matter is entitled to especial weight, having ably represented the territory in the forty-fourth and forty-fifth congresses, and been continuously upon the supreme bench of the territory since. It is seldom one is able to congratulate a more worthy and deserving representative. By his untiring industry and discerning intelligence Mr. Pettigrew has secured the attention of his fellow-congressmen to a large number of important measures concerning his constituents, while by his unassuming modesty and happy manners he has pushed a large per cent. of them to success. Hon. R. F. Pettigrew literally walked to Dakota from his home in Evansville, Rock county, Wisconsin, in 1869, for the simple reason that he did not have the means of paying his way upon public conveyances. At this time he was under twenty years of age. For want of other occupation he engaged as a laborer with a surveying party immediately on arriving in the territory. He had educated himself, and graduated in law at the State University in Madison, and was admitted to practice before the supreme court prior to leaving Wisconsin. Such qualities as he exhibited at the outset were not long unappreciated, and he soon became a leading member of the community of Sioux Falls, where he settled. In 1876 his neighbors, deeming him worthy to serve in a wider field, elected him to the senate of the territorial legisture, in which capacity he served two terms, ending in 1880. In the last named year Mr. Pettigrew was nominated without his seeking and elected by an overwhelming majority to the Forty-seventh congress, receiving more than two-thirds of all the votes cast. In the organization of the house he was chosen from among all the delegates as the only territorial representative on the committee on territories, giving him an advantage which his subsequent record proves he was fully qualified to improve. When the states (and territories) were first called, on the 20th of December last, Mr. Pettigrew was thoroughly prepared, and introduced twenty-two thoroughly digested bills, including such important measures as "the admission of Dakota," "to establish an assay office at Deadwood," "to convey section of land near Yankton for erection of insane asylumn," "to create three additional land offices," "to encourage settletlement of public lands," "to establish mint at Deadwood," "to vacate Fort Randall reservation and open it to settlement," "to open Turtle Mountain reservation." Since that date he has introduced fourteen other bills, all of public importance, and concerning his immediate constituents. Besides having prepared at great labor and research the bills enumerated, Mr. Pettigrew was energetically engaged in securing an appropriation for surveying the Missouri river within Dakota, which was allowed in the sum of $25,000.

Not satisfied with this sum he went before the senate committee on rivers and harbors and made both oral and written argument for an increase, and was rewarded by an increase to $40,000. Besides the appropriation for surveying the river, he asked for and congress allowed $100,000 for the improvement of the Missouri river above Sioux City. He asked for and, with the aid of the Minnesota representatives, secured $40,000 for the improvement of the Red River of the North. Through personal appeal to the committee he secured an item in the sundry civil bill appropriating $5,000 to improve wagon road between Yankton and Fort Randall. This is the only item of the kind passed by congress, although scores of bills were introduced. He appealed to the fish commissioners, and they have agreed to stock James river with food fish, experiments to begin as soon as practicable. He has succeeded in having a signal office established at Huron, and the authorities are considering an application to establish another at Chamberlain, Brule county. The list of pensions allowed maimed and disabled soldiers through the efforts of Mr. Pettigrew is a long and honorable one. It is often the case that, through the inability of the applicant to comprehend the instructions of the department, a case is hung up for months and sometimes years for the want of a piece of information, simple enough in itself, but of vital consequence. Pension cases comprise but one class of the varied departmental business performed by a representative, as all who are familiar with Washington well know.

The work of a congressman has, of course, only just begun when the bills he hopes to see become laws are introduced. Members of committees must be posted in all the details concerning each bill, and the advantages of the law asked for must appear preponderating. Work must be done, data for reports collated, and the golden moment (when the quorum is present in committee, and when the committee is called in the house) must not be lost, and all this devolves upon the interested party. The subsequent record of the bills presented by Mr. Pettigrew must be accepted as a test of his fidelity.

The bill to organize the state of Dakota was reported favorably to the house in January last, and recommended by a majority of the committee, the democrats, of course, opposing a measure creating two Republican senators.

The bill to organize the territory of North Dakota was reported favorably and unanimously recommended by the committee.

The bill to establish assay office was favorably reported and unanimously recommended by committee.

The last-named bill was introduced in senate at instance of delegate, and passed in May last.

Bill to establish two additional land offices has become a law and the offices are in full operation.

Bill donating land for insane asylum reported and unanimously recommended by committee.

Bill to put Fort Randall reservation in market reported in both houses and unanimously recommended.

Bill to put Fort Rice reservation in market reported in both houses and unanimously recommended.

Bill to open up the Great Sioux reservation passed to the house on sundry civil bill.

Bill to resurvey Sioux reservation near Big Stone lake and appropriating $4,000 therefor passed the house.

Bill to open up Turtle Mountain reservation favorably reported in both houses. This measure has a history. Mr. Pettigrew always assumed that the Indians claiming this land had no valid title, and during Mr. Kirkwood's regime in the interior department he went before the commissioner of Indian affairs and made an argument to that effect. That officer decided against Mr. Pettigrew's views, and the latter appealed to the secretary, who sustained the commissioner and decided in favor of the Indian claim, when, of course, the delegate was forced to appeal to his associates in congress with the result already stated. When Mr. Teller became secretary Delegate Pettigrew renewed his argument before him, and the new secretary decided that the Indians had no valid title and ordered the lands into the market. Upon this decision becoming known Mr. Pettigrew asked for and had the bills in each house recommitted, where of course they sleep the sleep that knows no waking. Mr. Pettigrew inserted a clause in the bill providing for the admission of Dakota, prohibiting the sale of school lands for a less sum than $5 per acre, and requiring that they shall be sold by auction after thorough advertising. No such protection has ever been thrown around the school fund in any state heretofore admitted into the Union.

By reviewing this record it is found that action has been taken on eleven bills out of thirty six introduced by Mr. Pettigrew, or nearly one out of every three has reached the calendar of one or both houses, and some of them have become laws and gone into operation. It can do no harm to compare what has been effected by Mr. Pettigrew in his comparatively short career in congress with the average work of his fellow members, while it may gratify his friends who are about to renew their trust in him. Since its organization there have been a few more than 9,000 bills introduced in this congress—say 6,550 in the house and 2,525 in the senate—or an average of about twenty-five to each senator and member. In the midst of these vast duties Mr. Pettigrew has found time to prepare an elaborate article upon the resources of Dakota, which appeared in the National Farmer a short time since, and has attracted wide attention from the press because of its valuable statistics and lucid statements. He is one of the most approachable representatives in congress, never being too busy to impart information to whoever may require it. All who know Mr. Pettigrew will congratulate Dakota upon her good sense in again commissioning him to look after her interests at the national capital.

THE Republican Central Committee of this legislative district, as organized at the last election, met on the 2d inst., as called by its chairman, and after mature deliberation passed a resolution to refer the question of apportionment and time and place of holding the district convention to the delegates elect to the Grand Forks republican convention to be held on the 6th. On the same day several residents of the district met at Jamestown and called a convention (making an arbitrary apportionment) to meet at Jamestown on the 20th of September. The TRIBUNE has no objection to the time and place of meeting, but there is serious objection to the apportionment. No notice was given of this meeting. Burleigh county's representation was cut down and that of other counties increased without apparent cause. The apportionment of delegates to the several counties in the district as made by this committee was as follows: Barnes 7; Burleigh 5; Lamoure 4; Griggs 3; Ransom 7; Morton 5; Stutsman 7; Kidder 2. Total 40.

The apportionment as made by the territorial central committee for these counties was as follows: Barnes 6; Burleigh 10; Griggs 2; Kidder 2; Lamoure 2; Morton 6; Ranson 3; Stutsman 6. Total 37.

The TRIBUNE is willing to concede that this apportionment should be reviewed, but who is there so competent to do it as the delegates chosen to represent these counties at Grand Forks? Certainly not a self-appointed committee, meeting without the knowledge of people generally.

The apportionment on the basis of the republican vote of two years ago would have been as follows; Barnes 5; Burleigh 5; Stutsman 4; Kidder 2; Lamoure 2; Dickey 2; Griggs 2; Ranson 2, and Morton 3; total, 27. To this could be added, with propriety, representation covering increase in settlement since the vote of two years ago, and the TRIBUNE begs to be informed what county has increased in proportion more than Burleigh since then. Certainly not Morton, which; with less than half the population, is given equal representation.

The TRIBUNE hopes the call now issued will be withdrawn until this matter can be acted upon by the Grand Forks delegates, the best representative body to whom the subject can be referred. There is time enough to act after the 6th of September.

DALRYMPLE, the great bonanza farmer, is cropping this year 57,000 acres of land. This vast tract is divided into farms of 6,000 acres each. Over each of these is placed a superintendent. These farms are sub-divided into divisions of 2,000 acres each, which are in charge of a foreman. Each subdivision of 2,000 acres has its set of buildings, comprising boarding houses, stables, granary, machinery hall, and blacksmith shop, and are connected with the superintendent's headquarters by telephone. Each 6,000 acres has its superintendent, book-keeper, storehouse for supplies from which goods are taken on requisition to the different divisions Wages for the past year have been $20 a month until harvest, $2 a day through harvest and threshing, and $30 a month for fall plowing. The best hands get $30 and an interior class $25 for fall work. The farmer has the choice of two outlets for marketing his grain: one, the immense milling demand of Minneapolis on the Falls of St. Anthony, and the other, the Buffalo and New York markets by way of Duluth. Wheat can be raised and delivered at the railroad in ordinary seasons for about thirty-five cents a bushel, whence it costs from twenty-five to twenty-seven cents a bushel to ship to New York. The average yield is twenty bushels.

IN whatever direction they turn the Iowa prohibitionists are confronted by a tremendous responsibility. They know that their failure to enforce the new law in that state will strengthen the great argument of the impracticability of prohibition, and thus damage the cause everywhere. On the other hand, to go on and enforce the law they must incur the great responsibility of revolutionizing the industrial organization of the state. Large and profitable liquor interests must be wiped out. In some localities much capital is invested in distilleries, which employ a large number of men, and in a commercial sense give life to the trade of the whole community; these long established institutions must be closed up, compelling the owners to invest their capital elsewhere, and to incur the pecuniary loss naturally incident to the change. Prohibition has generally been regarded as a scheme of moralists rather than of statesmen. The Iowa moralists have created sufficient prohibition sentiment in their state to secure the passage of a prohibitory law. It remains to be seen whether they possess sufficient qualities of statesmanship to operate it. Thus far, it must be confessed their action in that direction does not justify the opinion that they have. There has been vacillation and a general disposition to evade responsibility, where there should have been firmness and sincerity. It is to be hoped that prohibition will not fail in Iowa because of the cowardice or incapacity of its leaders. The country would like to observe the results of a wisely administered prohibition law.

WHEN C. F. Kindred was chief clerk of the North Pacific land department, he purchased large blocks of land of the North Pacific railroad, paying for it strictly in accordance with the terms fixed by the company, and through these purchases he made a large amount of money. The officers of the company conceived the idea that they might be held responsible for his speculations, and that it might affect them with the directory unfavorably, and possibly the company in congress, and requested his resignation. Afterward a suit was brought against him, which, while it could not be carried to a successful issue, because he had done no wrong, could be held over him for years, tying up valuable property, and depriving him of opportunity for advantageous sales. He compromised, surrendering his own to protect his own, and that is all there is of the column after column of charges that are daily appearing in the opposition press of his district and of his state.

W. A. KINDRED, mayor of Fargo, will be presented for congress by the delegates from Cass county, and he will be supported probably by Barnes and Traill counties. Hon. Jud Lamoure will be presented by Pembina county and will be supported probably by Pembina, Walsh and Grand Forks counties. Lamoure is well known as one of the oldest and most successful politicians in North Dakota. Mr. Kindred is not so generally known, but he is in every respect qualified for the place, and is respected by all who know him. J. B. Raymond absolutely declines to be a candidate under any circumstances.

THE anti-Pettigrew element is evidently determined to win at all hazards. The Pettigrew faction appear to have carried the convention in Bon Homme county, whereupon a second delegation opposing him was chosen by one fragment of a split convention. The Fifth Minnesota district could be repeated in Dakota. The TRIBUNE hopes it will not be, however.

THIS is an era of townsites and railroad building. There has already been laid about 6,000 miles of railroad this year, and there will be at least 3,000 miles more built before January 1st. To estimate the number of new townsites would be asking too much.

FARGO, with her electric light, street railway, telephone system, water works and machine shops entertained right royally the editors of northwestern daily papers in her limits Thursday. No more hospitable people exist than those of Fargo.

AT last the poetical headline fiend of the Fargo Argus has come to grief. He could find no word to rhyme with "aggressors," and therefore quit the business in the middle of a head.

THE promptness with which the senate and house sat down upon the president's veto of the river and harbor appropriation bill was not complimentary, to say the least.

Important Tree Claim Decision.

The Galloway-Winston tree claim contest, involving the southwest quarter of section two, adjoining the Hayes farm (a valuable claim), has terminated in favor of the defendant Winston. The decision of the secretary of the interior proves to be a very important one. It promulgates a new doctrine and establishes fresh precedents under the administration of the timber culture law, that will settle hundreds of other contests brought upon a technical violation of the law. In this case the Bismarck land office held that Winston had cured his delinquency and that under all the circumstances his entry should stand. The commissioner reversed this decision and the secretary reverses the commissioner's, agreeing with the local office. The final decision was published in the Washington Land Reporter for July, and from it the TRIBUNE gets these points:

Your decision holds that, as the statute is imperative in its requirement as to the first year's work, and this was not done by Winston, his entry should be canceled; and you cite rulings of this department in support of that general proposition. After careful consideration of the question involved, and the peculiar facts of the case, I think your decision was erroneous, and that this, and cases hereafter arising on similar facts, should be disposed of under the analogous doctrine held by the supreme court, in the case of Johnson vs. Towsley. * * * If no other party has made a settlement or has given notice of his declaratory intention, then no one has been injured by the delay beyond three months; and if at any time after the three months, while the party is still in possession, he makes his declaration, and this is done before any one else has initiated a right of pre emption, we can see no purpose in forbidding him to make his declaration, or in making it void when made. * * *

There is no material distinction between the requirements of the pre-emption and the timber-culture law, as respects the application of this principle. * *

The testimony shows that Winston, being a non-resident of Dakota, employed his agent there to break five acres of the tract during the first year, ending September 24, 1878—being the amount required by the act of 1878, of which he had the right to avail himself; that this agent employed and paid another to do such work, who represented that he had broken the five acres, whereas, in fact, he broke but about three and a half acres. During the next year, ending September 24, 1879, Winston plowed twenty-five acres, of which, including said three and a half acres, he put about fifteen acres into crops; and that during the third year, ending September 24, 1880, twenty acres of plowing, done in the spring of that year, were "back-set" in the fall; and that, also, in the same spring, twenty-three acres of the land plowed the second year were put into crops, eight or nine more acres were broken, and five acres were planted to trees; so that at the date of the initiation of the contest, September 25, 1880, the land was in the condition required by law, notwithstanding Winston's failure in the requirements of the first year's work. * * *

The object of the law—the growth of timber—is attained if, at the date of final proof, the party has growing on the land the required number of thrifty trees. Although, undoubtedly, an entry is subject to contest whenever the party is in default, I see no valid rerson for subjecting him thereto after the default is cured. A different rule would permit designing persons, with knowledge of the first year's default, to wait until near the time for final proof before initiating a contest, for the very purpose of availing themselves of the entryman's further labor, instead of initiating it during the continuance of the default, and would countenance a practice against equity and not in acccordance with the principle announced in Johnson vs. Towsley. Such indefensible practice is well illustrated in the present case where it appears that Galloway well knew of Winston's deficiency the first year, and then measured the land plowed, for the very purpose of future contest, and also permitted himself to be employed by Winston the second year in breaking and cultivating the land, for which he was paid $147 and a span of horses, but delayed his contest until expiration of the third year, when Winston had expended large means in improving the tract, and when he had cured his laches of the first year. A construction which admits of such conduct should not, in my opinion, be longer adhered to. * * *

SPEAKER KEIFER's district renominated him for congress.

THE president in his late message reminded congress delicately that it is only four months until the beginning of the next regular session.

THE Fargo Argus says E. V. Smalley is simply a very commonplace newspaper correspondent, who is supposed to be dignified by getting his stuff into a very ordinary magazine.

IT is now pretty certain that Gov. St. John, of Kansas, the able champion of prohibition, will be renominated and elected. The governor announces that he has one special aim in seeking a re-election, which is to show the world that at least in one state prohibition will prohibit.

THE fund to provide help for the Russian Jews was vigorously promoted by the Jewish Messenger; but that journal now hopes that Russian emigration will be entirely suspended for the present. "People ready and willing to work," it says, "are always welcomed in America, and no questions need be asked as to nationality. But shiftless, lazy families who evidently expect to be lodged and boarded at public expense are not wanted here."

SERGEANT MASON's prospect of getting out of jail is not first-rate. Attorney-General Brewster says that Mason's conduct was not only in violation of the law, but prejudicial to the good discipline that is the main element of strength in the army. The attorney-general has no intention of recommending Mason's pardon.

THE Cleveland Plaindealer prints the following: A fellow who was on the ill-fated Sciota was boasting to his girl to whom he was engaged to be married, and who accompanied him on the excursion on the fatal Fourth, that he could swim ashore and carry her easily, but when the collision came he deserted her and took care of himself. She was also saved, and when he came to congratulate her upon being still alive, she refused to speak to him and handed him back the engagement ring.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

New Elevator.

Something of importance is transpiring in Bismarck every day. Only a few of the business men are asleep. Some time ago G H. Fairchild, John A. McLean, Rob't Macnider, Asa Fisher, Dan Eisenberg, Dr. H. R. Porter, M. P. Slattery and others, of the First National bank, conceived the scheme that another elevator was needed in Burleigh county, and immediately organized and sent their articles of incorporation to Yankton, which have been received back again duly signed. The temporary officers are Robert Macnider, president; G H. Fairchild, secretary; H. R. Porter, treasurer. Messrs. Fisher and McLean were in St. Paul last week with the plans and specifications of an elevator of 75,000 to 100,000 bushels capacity, inviting proposals for its immediate construction. Mr. F. J. Call also went to St. Paul Saturday to put in a bid for the Bismarck Building association. The company have secured the right and executed a contract with the North Pacific for the right to build the elevator on the right of way near the Bismarck flouring mills, the railroad agreeing to build all necessary sidetracks, etc. The elevator will be commenced and rushed to completion as fast as money and men can do it. The gentlemen engaged in this enterprise are live, representative business men and are willing to put their money into any scheme that will assist the growth and prosperity of Bismarck, believing that if not directly, they certainly will indirectly receive the benefits. The building of this elevator will be of great benefit to farmers, as they will now have a place to store their grain, whereas if there was no elevator, many would be obliged to sell immediately or run the risk of storing their grain in unsuitable granaries. Messrs Fisher and McLean returned from St. Paul last evening They have received several bids, and will let the contract within a week. The elevator is to be completed in sixty days.

Northwest Notes.

Miles City Press, 4: Quite a number of placer locations have recently been made on the bar just below the mouth of Bear Gulch, on the Yellowstone. The gold is said to be coarse, and is found in sufficient quantity to warrant the belief that this bar, when worked with hydraulics, will be valuable property..... Sheriff McKechnie, of Jamestown, Dakota, started home to-day with O B. Hamilton, a noted prisoner who broke jail at that place while awaiting trial for burglary. Hamilton has been in the Custer county jail since the 13th of June last. When put in the jail here he remarked to Sheriff Irvine: "You can't hold me; I've broken out of jails of brick and stone; this little frame concern can't hold me." He has made half a dozen attempts to escape, but on each occasion the attempt was nipped in the bud by the jail officials. Several wooden keys were taken from him during his sojourn here. Now that he has departed, the sheriff thinks that the prisoners will be quiet.

Billings Herald, 3: It is a pleasure to record the fact that the health of the large population now making Billings a prosperous town, is remarkably good. The fevers which attacked several people after the rainy season all yielded readily to treatment, and the two or three persons who are prostrated here and at Coulson with typhoid fever, are all convalescing.....The railroad bridge which will span the Yellowstone at this point, rapidly approaches completion. The abutments on either side are finished, and so also is the pier on this side of the river. The cribwork in the central and eastern piers is so nearly completed that they may be said to be ready for the stone work Judging from present indications it is more than probable that the bridge will be completed before the track reaches the river here. The rails are now laid to about one and a half miles this side of Huntley, so that only nine more miles have to be laid to reach the bridge. These nine miles will certainly be laid within seven or eight days, and the bridge arranged temporarily for the passage of trains. The citizens may therefore expect to see the iron horse snorting through the town by the 10th."

List of Letters.

Remaining uncalled for in the Bismarck. D. T. postoffice for the week ending Saturday Aug 5, 1882:

Armstrong Minnie
Bye Erwin T
Bucks Jock
Comstock D E
Derby Andrew
Elder Mrs Alma
Frazer Duncan
Hicks Anny
Hammond Frank
Hammer Peter 2
Johnson C F 2
Kenrichs Anna Christina
Kastle John 2
Kervin Mrs Nora
Kinny P J
Lowney Cornelius
Liverpool Maria 5
Miller L Y
Newcomb Geo L 4
Shields E L
Tenney J E
Wilson Diles

A
B
Benjamin Isaac N
C
D
Dyer Ichabod F
E
Engle J C
F
H
Howell Charles
Harris John O
Howe Tillie
J
K
Knight H A
Kenny Mrs H J
Kissane Michael
Koppy M
L
Lynn Clara J
M
N
S
Scott John
T
Tarrant Wm E
W
Woodson George

If not called for in thirty days they will be sent to Dead Letter office, Washington, D. C.

Persons calling for the above will please say "Advertised," and give date of list.

C. A. LOUNSBERRY, Postmaster.

Marshal's Notice of Sale.

The United States vs. the steamboat Peninah her tackle, apparel, and furniture.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the district court of the United States of America for the first judicial district of Montana Territory, and to me directed and delivered. I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 28th day of November. A. D., 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., above ferry landing on the west side of the Missouri river near Bismarck, Dakota Territory, the steamboat Peninah, her tackel, apparel, and furniture condemned at the suit of the United States.

ALEX. C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal, District of Montana.

Dated. Helena, Montana, October 27, 1881.
D5-I2-19-26.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the 7th day of December, A. D. 1881, by order of the U. S. marshal for the District of Montana.
Nov. 28, 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Saturday, December 10, at 10 o'clock, a. m., by order of

ALEX C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal. Dist. Montana.
By J. H. Hathaway, Dep't Marshal.

The above sale is hereby postponed unti Thursday, December 29, 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of

ALEX C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshall, Dist. Montana.
By Deputy Marshal Ayott.
December 10, A. D., 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Wednesday, January 4th. 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of Alex C. Botkin, United States marshal for the district of Montana.
By A. P. Ayott, United States deputy marshal

The above sale is hereby postponed until Thursday, January 5th, 1882 at 10 o'clock a. m. by order of Alex. C. Botkin, United States marshal for district of Montana by

A. P. AYATT, Deputy Marshal.
January 3. 1881.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Wednesday, the 8th day of February, 1882 at 2 o'clock p. m.

ALEX. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal Dist. Montana.
By J. W. HATHAWAY, Deputy Marshal.
Dated, Bismarck, D. T., January 5, 1882.

The above sale is hereby postponed until April 3d, at 10 a. m., 1882, by order of Alex C. Botkin, United States marshal for the district of Montana territory. By

A. P. AYATT, Deputy Marshal.
Dated. Bismarck, D. T., Feb. 8, 1882. 46-43

The above sale is hereby postponed until May the 13th, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. By order of

ALEX. C. BOTKIN, U. S. Marshal for the District of Montana.
By A. P. AYOTT, Deputy U. S. Marshal,
April 3rd, 1882.

The above sale is hereby postponed until the twenty-second day of June. 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., By order of Alex. C. Botkin, U. S. marshal for the district of Montana.

A. P. AYATT, Deputy Marshal.
May 13th, 1882.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Wm A. Hollembaek, mortgagor, to Wm. Dawson, Robert A. Smith and Albert Scheffer, doing business under the firm name of Dawson & Co., mortgagees, whereby the said mortgagor did grant, bargain, sell and convey unto the said mortgagees, their heirs and assigns, the following described real estate situated and being in the county of Burleigh and territory of Dakota. to-wit: The west half of lots seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block one hundred and fourteen (114), in the city of Bismarck, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh county, D. T., which mortgage was given to secure the payment of a promissory note bearing even date therewith, given by the said Wm. A. Hollembaek to Dawson & Co. for the sum of eleven hundred dollars ($1,100), payable one year after date, with ten per cent interest thereon per annum, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh county, Dakota, on the 6th day of May, 1881, in Book "B" of mortgages, on page 277.

And whereas, there is claimed to be due on said note and mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twelve hundred and twenty-nine dollars and five cents ($129.05), together with the sum of fifty dollars attorney's fees, allowed in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and that no proceedings at law or otherwise have been taken to recover the amount, so secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described, at public auction to the highest bidder. which sale will be made by the sheriff of Burleigh county, D. T., or his deputy, at the front door of the court house in the city of Bismarck, in said county, on the 16th day of August. 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy the amount which will then be due on said note and mortgage, including attorney's fees allowed and all lawful costs and disbursements of the sale.

Dated June 28, 1882.

WM. DAWSON,
ROBERT A. SMITH,
ALBERT SCHEFFER,
Co-partners as Dawson & Co., Mortgagees.
Flannery & Wetherby,
4-10 Attorneys for Mortgagees.

Views of the
YELLOWSTONE,
Bad Lands,
BLACK HILLS
and
Upper Missouri,
Including all points of interest on the line of the North Pacific Railroad, published by
F. JAY HAYNES,
Official Photographer N. P. R. R., Fargo, D. T.
Catalogues free.

47th
Popular Monthly Drawing of the
COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.
In the City of Louisville, on
Thursday, Aug. 31, 1882.

These drawings occur monthly [Sundays excepted] under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st endered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal,

2d—Its drawings are not fraudulent.

The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

AUGUST DRAWING.

1	Prize.....	$30,000	100 Prizes	$100 ea	$10,000
1	Prize.....	10,000	200 Prizes	50 ea	10,000
1	Prize.....	5,000	600 Prizes	20 ea	12,000
10	Pri's $1,000	ea 10,000	1,000 Prices	10 ea	10,000
20	Prizes 500	ea 10,000			
9	Prizes $300	ea, Approximatiion Prizes,			$2,700
9	Prizes 200	ea. " "			1,800
8	Prizes 100	ea, " "			900
1,960 Prizes,					$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2. Half Tickets, $1.
27 Tickets, $50 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of $5 and upwards, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. Boardman, Courier Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or R. M. Boardman, 309 Broadway, New York.

Notice.

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or tresspassing upon any portion of the sw ¼ of sec. 32, town 139 n, range 80 w.,

Known as the Jackman Claim,

and lying within the corporate limits of the ctiy of Bismarck. JOHN J. JACKMAN.
61tfd&w

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE AT BISMARCK, D. T., July 13, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 11 a.m. August 15, 1882, under sec. 2,301 R. S.:

John L. Clausen.

Homestead entry No. 441, made Nov. 16, 1881, for the northwest quarter of Section twenty, Township one hundred and thirty-nine, Range seventy-one, and names the following as his witnesses, viz.: John Williamson, James Boyed, Edwin VanDeusen and Alfred Birchett, Jr., all of Kidder county, D. T. Postoffice address, Tappen. JOHN A. REA.
6-10pd Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE, Bismarck, D. T., July 11, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office August 16, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m. under seetion 2,301, revised statutes:

Mary Glitschka,

Homestead entry No. 444, for the w½ of Sec. 26, Town 139 west, Range 78 west, and names the following as her witnesses, viz: Wm. Dernocour, James W. McPherson. P. Murray and C. Cramer, all of Burleigh county, post office address Clarke, D. T.
7-11 JOHN A. REA, Register.

Notice of Contest.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, BISMARCK, D. T., July 11, 1882.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Peter E. Wilcox against Samuel Townsend, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 227, dated Nov. 26, 1880, upon the southeast quarter of section 8, township 138 in range 80 west in Burleigh county, Dakota territory, with a view to the cancellation of said entry: the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of August, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. A. REA, Register.
E. M. BROWN, Receiver. 6-10

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., Aug. 2, 1882.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 2 p. m., Tuesday the 26th day of September, 1882, viz.:

Henry P. Johnston.

Homestead entry No. 178, July 2, 1880, for the n e¼ Sec. 6, township 139 north, range 80 west, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: John Nichols. Fred Klauttier, Nelson Cook, J. M. Garrett, all of Burleigh county, D. T., postoffice address Bismarck.
9-13 pd JOHN A. REA, Register,

Sidewalk Notice.

At a meeting of the City Council of the city of Bismarck held at the city hall, July 12, 1882, the following resolution was adopted:

Be it resolved by the mayor and common council of the city of Bismarck, that it is necessary to build a sidewalk between Main and Rosser streets in the city of Bismarck, along both sides of the streets hereafter mentioned, to-wit: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth, except along such portions of such streets where sidewalks are already built, which shall comply in all respects with the ordinance relating to sidewalks along said streets at the time of the construction of the same.

Attest: WM. WOODS, City Clerk.
Approved: J. W. RAYMOND, Mayor.

Notice of Term of District Court.

The following order was received by Clerk of District Court Corey. Attorneys and others may take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA,
Third Judicial District Court,

It appearing to me, the judge of said court, that an additional term has become necessary to dispose of the business of the Judicial Subdivision composed of the counties of Burleigh, Emmons and Stevens, in said third judicial district and territory of Dakota, therefore ordered: That such term be, and hereby is, appointed for said subdivision to be holden at Bismarck, the county seat of said county of Burleigh, wherein terms of said court are regularly holden, commencing on the 22d day of August next at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated at Fargo, in said district, this 17th day of July, A. D. 1882.

S. A. HUDSON, Judge.

Summons.

IN the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the Territory of Dakota, within and for the county of Deuel.

Sarah Thompson, plaintiff, vs. D. C. Thompson, defendant.

The Territory of Dakota to the defendant above named:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which was filed in the clerk's office in and for Deue county, in the Fourth judicial district court, on the 18th day April, A. D. 1882. and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the village of Gary, county of Deuel, territory of Dakota, within thirty days after service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated at Gary. D. T., this 20th day of July, 1882. H. B. MONAGHAN,
8-13 Plaintiff's Attorney.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of that certain indenture of mortgage whereby the power of sale therein contained has become operative, made and executed by Maurice F. Stucky, of Burleigh county, Dakota territory, to Frankie Fraser of the same place, bearing date the the 26th day of April, 1882, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Burleigh county, Dakota territory, on the 26th day of April, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. in book A 2 of mortgages, on page 263. on which said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice as principal and interest the sum of seventy-one dollars and seven cents, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been taken to recover any part of said debt secured by said mortgage, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute in such case made and provided, the sheriff of Burleigh county, Dakota, or his deputy will sell at public auction to the highest bidder on Monday the 21st day of August, 1882, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at tee front door of the court house in Burleigh county, Dakota territory. the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the said sum of seventy-one dollars and seven cents together with the costs allowed by law and attorneys fee of fifty dollars provided for in said mortgage, said above mentioned premises being described as follows: Lot number forty-one in Raymond's River Addition to the city of Bismarck, D. T., together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

Dated July 6, 1882.

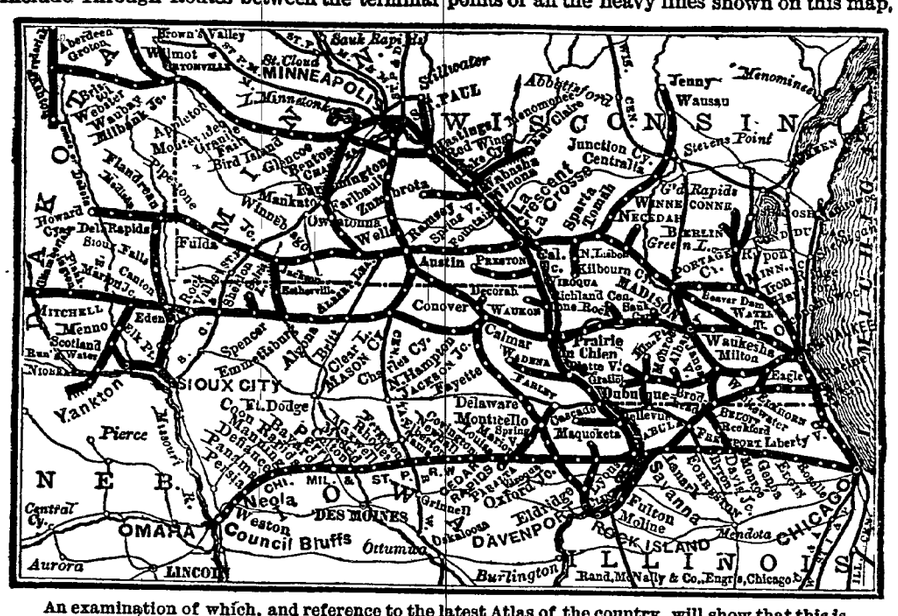
FRANKIE FRASER. Mortgagee.
JOHN E. CARLAND, Attorney for mortgagee. 5-11

THE PEOPLE'S ROUTE THROUGH THE GOLDEN NORTH-WEST IS THE

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

ITS 4,500 MILES OF FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD

Include Through Routes between the terminal points of all the heavy lines shown on this map,



An examination of which, and reference to the latest Atlas of the country, will show that this is

The Business Men's, Tourists' and Health-Seekers' Bonanza,

As it is the DIRECT, and, in most cases, the ONLY ROUTE to the great and leading BUSINESS CENTERS, HEALTH AND PLEASURE RESORTS of

NORTHERN ILLINOIS, all WISCONSIN, IOWA, MINNESOTA and DAKOTA.

Consult the leading Railway Guides and Map-Folder Time Tables of this Road, and learn the leaving and arriving time of the Magnificent Trains of

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SUMPTUOUS COACHES AND SMOKING CARS,

At every considerable point in the territory named; then get tickets reading over the "CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY," and be sure no other name is given therein—and you will have the privilege of enjoying the excellence of the BEST CARRIAGES, the BEST HOTELS and DINING-HALLS, and the BEST SERVICE in every particular to be found in the world.

CHICAGO, ILL.—The Grand New Union Passenger Station, on the old site, Canal, Madison and Adams Streets, W S. THORN, Depot Ticket Agent Freight Depot, corner Union and Carroll Streets City Offices, 61 and 63 Clark Street, Palmer House and Grand Pacific Hotel. T. E. CHANDLER, Passenger Agent
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ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS, DINING ROOM AND OFFICE CHAIRS, FEATHERS, PILLOWS, CORNICES, CURTAIN POLES, PICTURES AND FRAMES. UNDERTAKING WITH HEARSE. METALLIC CASKETS, COFFINS, ETC. LATEST IMPROVED SEWING MACHINE A SPECIALTY.

Main St, Nearly Opposite Sheridan House.

Bismarck Building Association

Will erect all classes of buildings for cash or on easy monthly payments. Time given on dwelling lots. C. S. WEAVER, Pres.
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RATHBONE, SARD & CO. — ACORN — STOVES & RANGES.

LEAD ALL OTHERS!
Every Style & Price.
Guaranteed Unequaled
FOR
OPERATION,
ECONOMY,
DURABILITY and
WORKMANSHIP.
Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.
Always Reliable.
POPULAR EVERYWHERE.
For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.
For sale by O. H. Beal, Bismarck, D. T.
vol 9-33 y 1 eow

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by C. W. Freede, mortgagor, to John K. Wetherby, mortgagee, whereby the said mortgagor did grant, bargain and sell and convey unto the said mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, the following described real estate, situated and being in the county of Burleigh and territory of Dakota, to-wit: Lot number ten (10) in block sixty-four (64), in the city of Bismarck, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh county, Dakota territory, which mortgage was given to secure the payment of a promissory note bearing even date therewith, given by the said C. W. Freede to John K. Wetherby for the sum of one hundred and sixty-two dollars ($162) payable four months after date, with interest at 12 per cent per annum after due, until paid, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Burleigh county, Dakota, on the 9th day of June, 1880, in Book "B" of mortgages, on page 200.

And whereas, there is claimed to be due on said note and mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of one hundred and ninety-five dollars and sixty cents ($195.60), together with the sum of thirty dollars ($30) attorney's fees, allowed in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and that no proceedings at law or otherwise have been taken to recover the amount so secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises above described at public auction, to the highest bidder. which sale will be made by the sheriff of Burleigh county, D. T., or his deputy, at the front door of the court house in the city of Bismarck in said county, on the 16th day of August, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy the amount which will then be due on said note and mortgage, including attorney's fees aforesaid and all lawful costs and disbursements of the sale.

Dated June 28, 1882.

JOHN K. WETHERBY, Mortgagee.
Flannery & Wetherby,
4-10 Att'ys for Mortgagee.

MATHES, GOOD & SCHURMEIER,
THE LARGEST
TAILORING
ESTABLISHMENT
In the Northwest.
Importers and Jobbers of
Fine Woolens & Trimmings,
82 Jackson St.,
St. Paul, Minn.

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The Bismarck Tribune.

BY LOUNSBERRY & JEWELL.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE.

Published every morning, except Monday, at Bismarck, Dakota, is delivered by carrier to all parts of the city at twenty-five cents per week, or $1 per month.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One month, postage paid	$ 1.00
Three months, postage paid	3.00
Six " "	5.00
One year, " "	10.00

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Eight pages, containing a summary of the news of the week, both foreign and local, published every Friday, sent, postage paid, to any address for $2.50.

THE LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

In relation to the legislative convention called by several citizens of this district to meet at Jamestown on the 20th of September, the Mandan Pioneer takes occasion to say some very unjust and uncalled for things in relation to Burleigh county, and of the chairman of the legislative district committee who called the meeting at Bismarck.

Notice of this meeting was published in the several papers of the district, and three of the five members were represented. That committee wisely determined to refer the whole matter, including the time and place of holding the convention, and the apportionment of delegates to the delegates elect from the counties interested, to the Grand Forks territorial convention. They could have done no more in a spirit of fairness. As to who called the Jamestown meeting the TRIBUNE has not been able to learn. No notice was given of its intended meeting, and those who called the convention had no more right to make the call than any other equal number of citizens of the district meeting at any other time or place, and without notice. In that meeting Burleigh county had no representative. Its representation was cut down without cause. There could be no objection to raising that of Barnes and some of the other counties in the district. The vote of the respective counties in the district in 1880 was as follows: Burleigh county, omitting that portion now Morton county, 949; Barnes, 521; Griggs, none: Kidder, none; Lamoure, none; Morton, 313; Ransom, none; Stutsman, 446; Dickey, none, and Wells none, and yet it is assumed that Morton county is as populous as Burleigh county, which all know who know anything about it, is not true. Burleigh county will cast three times the vote of Morton county this fall as it did two years ago. Bismarck is three times as large as Mandan, and the outlying settlements in Burleigh county are more than three times greater, and more than six times as much public land has been taken and occupied in Burleigh county this year as in Morton county, and yet this meeting of citizens assumed to degrade Burleigh county and without giving it a hearing, and to exalt others far above their deserts in comparison with it.

The movement has the appearance of hostility to Burleigh county, and if the people of this county have the spirit of a half drowned rat they will resist and demand fair play.

The people of the district were not informed of this Jamestown meeting. The members of this legislative district committee were not notified of it, and while the men who called the convention are good men, they had no more authority to act than an equal number of bar-room loafers.

Morton county alleges a fraudulent vote at Bismarck. So there was at the landing precinct, and so there was in Morton county, and Stutsman is not free from taint. The fraud on one side of the river was as great as on the other, and the TRIBUNE rejoices that the registry law now in force will protect the good people of Morton county as well as those of Burleigh, and give to every honest ballot its due weight.

But the TRIBUNE wishes to insist that the people of Burleigh county are as wise, patriotic and honest as those of Morton, Stutsman or Barnes, although a few of the citizens of these counties have come together, listened to charges against Burleigh county and attempted to disfranchise us without giving a hearing.

WHY DAKOTA BOOMS.

The Alexandria Herald itemizes some of the reasons for the present Dakota boom, as follows:

The stream of immigration has been gradually changing its course for the last few years from the southwest to the northwest, and Dakota is getting the cream of the new settlers. The rapidity with which Dakota is being peopled is unparalleled in the history of the western country. There are several elements allied in the production of this marvelous influx of immigration. Chief among these, the wonderful productiveness of our soil, which is bestowed by a generous government in quarter sections to the occupants thereof. The purity and healthfulness of our climate contributes largely to the popularity of Dakota as a place to find desirable new homes. The stream of immigration has formed its channel running into the territory, and it bears all along on its current the rich and the poor, the banker and bankrupt, the proud and humble, the strong and the weak, the capitalist and laborer, all seeking to improve their condition. The uninterrupted rush is the life blood that is throbbing through the channels of trade and giving push to the business and appreciating values to the great and popular commodity, Dakota dirt.

THE LEGISLATIVE CAMPAIGN.

The political pot begins to show agitation in this legislative district, which is considerably larger than the state of New York, embracing as it does a great deal more than four-fifths of North Dakota. The candidates so far developed are C. P. Marvin, of Valley City; R. A. Bill, of Jamestown; W. H. Becker, of Ellendale; M. J. Edgerly and Frank J. Mead, of Mandan; E. A. Williams, of this city, who has had experience in both branches of the legislature and proved an active and energetic member, would not be adverse to a nomination, and were he to be elected would prove one of the most efficient members in the body to which he was chosen. Farmer Wallace would doubtless consent to serve his constituents again should they wish, but wisely does not hanker for the position. Whether there is another at Bismarck who would serve if called, the TRIBUNE does not know.

There are two members of the assembly and one of the council to be chosen. To the Missouri slope should be conceded one of these positions; one to the James river valley, and one to the Sheyenne. Morton county will come in conflict with Burleigh, and Lamoure, Dickey and Ransom with Stutsman or Barnes.

Dickey is south of Lamoure county, and its county seat, Ellendale, is the present terminus of the Milwaukee & St. Paul road. It is one of the most important counties in the district, although entirely ignored by the Jamestown committee.

There will be music in the campaign, and more than one heart will bleed.

Burleigh county should wake up if it expects to be considered when the selection is made. No county has more important interests to guard and it is to be hoped that a live man will be chosen to represent this end of the district.

The time chosen for the convention under the Jamestown call is unobjectionable and no fault can be found with the place, but the apportionment is unfair and ought to be reviewed by the delegates elect to the Grand Forks convention.

THE Fargo Argus gives the following information about the change in the legislative districts: "It may have been forgotten by some that there is a legislature to elect this fall, and that at the last session the districts were changed, affecting every county in North Dakota. Here is the act which gives the districts and representatives as now formed:

First District—Union and Clay counties, one member of the council and two members of the house.

Second—Lincoln, Turner and McCook, one and two.

Third—Minnehaha, one and two.

Fourth—Yankton, one member of the council and one of the house.

Fifth—Bon Homme, Hutchinson, Douglass and Charles Mix, one and two.

Sixth—Moody, Lake and Brookings, one and two.

Seventh—Hamilton, Deuel, Grant, Codington, Clark, Spink, Day, Brown, Campbell, McPherson, Walworth, Edmunds, Potter and Faulk, one and two.

Eighth—Hanson, Davison, Aurora, Brule, Buffalo, Hughes, Sully, Hyde, Hand, Beadle, Kingsbury and Miner, one and one.

Ninth—Pennington and Custer, one member of the house.

Tenth—Lawrence and Mandan, one and three.

Eleventh—Pembina, Cavalier and Rolette, one member of the house.

Twelfth—Grand Forks, Traill and Walsh, one and two.

Thirteenth—Cass and Richland, one and two.

Fourteenth—Barnes, Ransom, LaMoure, Stutsman, Griggs, Foster, Gingras, Kidder, Burleigh, Sheridan, Stevens, Renville, Montraille, Wallette, Howard, Williams, Mercer, Morton, Stark, Billings, Emmons, Logan and Ramsey, one and two.

"It will be seen that Barnes has been taken from Cass and Richland and given to a new combination. Burleigh and Stutsman have been thrown in with a whole lot of little ones, many unorganized. Dickey and Wells counties seem to have been forgotten, although both counties were named for representatives in the legislature that left them out. Cass and Richland have always had harmonious action, and there seems to be nothing to mar the future. Mr. LaMoure and Mr. Walsh, who have heretofore been in the same district, seem to have separated, and who knows but the former may be the president of the next council?"

WITH the compliments of G. K. Barnes, general passenger and ticket agent of the North Pacific, comes an exhaustive and complete report of the condition of the Maginnis mining region in eastern Montana. The Bismarck TRIBUNE was the first to proclaim to the world the richness of this region, and it is pleased to note the popular favor the region is now receiving. The TRIBUNE'S reliable information in regard to this section caused Mr. Barnes to issue the pamphlet. The volume was edited by an experienced miner of prominence in the Black Hills, who has been in the Maginnis region since last spring. It gives the names of the mines now being worked, their location, cost of living in that region, mining laws of Montana and much other valuable information. There is but one oversight in the work. In speaking of the various routes to the mines, the Bismarck and Missouri river route is not mentioned. During the period of navigation, from the middle of April to the first of October, the Missouri river route from Bismarck is decidedly the best and is so pronounced by every one who has had occasion to travel over the various routes. It is the cheapest and most comfortable route. It is the most direct, for the prospector is landed within forty miles of the mines. The other routes require two hundred miles and over of staging through a rough country. Leaving the North Pacific railroad at Bismarck, and taking a Missouri river steamboat to Rocky Point is decidedly the best route to Maginnis.

RUFUS HATCH, who is now looking over the North Pacific, as the TRIBUNE has heretofore stated, does not own a foot of land in the Yellowstone valley, as reported by the Chicago agent of the associated press. Mr. Hatch is a rich man—in fact, he counts by the millions. This accumulation of wealth was not accidental. It took a gigantic and cunning intellect to manage successfully the schemes which produced this fortune, and Mr. Hatch is looked upon by his Wall street friends as a man of great judgment. The North Pacific is using vast sums of money in the construction of its road, and the major portion of it is now coming from Europe. In New York there are millions of money aching for investment if the loaners can only be assured of ample security. Mr. Hatch, to satisfy himself as to the resources of the North Pacific, is taking a summer vacation trip over the line. His opinions will have great weight among his moneyed friends, and it is not likely that the North Pacific will need to go abroad for money hereafter.

THE Fremont, Ohio, Journal of the 4th inst. says: "The Bismarck DAILY TRIBUNE of July 27th gives Sterling as the name of the new town at the sixteenth siding, on the North Pacific railroad, Burleigh county, Dakota, of which our former citizen, Oscar Ball, and two of Bismarck's most active boomers are proprietors. Sterling is beautifully located in a splendid agricultural country about twenty miles east of Bismarck, and will surely make an excellent town. The country is just beginning to develop and there are but 780 acres under cultivation this year, but in the sweet by and by, when the homestead lands are taken, as they soon will be, it will be the Casselton of the Missouri slope. There will be excellent towns at Clarke farm, Sterling and Steele, on the Missouri slope, and at several points on the Missouri river north and south of Bismarck.

THE necessity of establishing fire limits in the city of Bismarck must be apparent to every citizen. If we are to have a fine city, then we must have fine buildings, and the establishing of a district in which only brick or stone buildings will be allowed to be built is the only way of assuring an improvement in the appearance of the main streets. As long as rookeries and fire-trap wooden structures are allowed on Main street just so long will Bismarck present a bad and uninviting appearance to capitalists. If Bismarck is to become a city, which it certainly is, then let everybody join in making it a beautiful one, and one that will be second to none in the northwest.

A GENTLEMAN writing to the TRIBUNE from the Turtle valley region north of Bismarck, says he has examined three townships north and west of Washburn as to the quality of soil, and he finds that section to have a soil averaging in depth from twenty-three to thirty inches, underlaid with rich marl clay—the great wheat fertilizer—next thing to guano. He tested over thirty sections from thirty inches to eight feet, and found the soil rich and strong in all the elements that produce good grain. He found plenty of water, and was much pleased with the lay of the land.

THE Pioneer Press pays Montana's delegate the following compliment: "Delegate Maginnis secured for the territory of Montana the snug sum of $437,000 for various purposes, including $15,000 for the National Park, which will be of greater benefit to Montana than any other contiguous territory. Maginnis has always been a hard and a very successful worker in the interest of the great territory which he has so well represented, and he is justly popular with his people, who would return him to his seat had he not expressed a determination to retire from public life for the present.

THE land sales of the North Pacific company for the month of July reach a total of 43,278.42 acres, aggregating $167,864.40, divided as follows: Minnesota and Dakota, 37,571.54 acres, $121,137.16; Missouri division (west of Missouri river), 4,391.57 acres, $12.566.71; Yellowstone division (west of Yellowstone river), 1,315.51 acres, $4,060.53. This is a good showing, and largely exeeeds last year's sale.

THE North Pacific is now running trains to within five miles of Billings, and as soon as the bridge across the Yellowstone at that point is finished trains will run to Billings—probably by Friday or Saturday.

FROM careful estimates it is safe to predict a yield of 60,000,000 bushels of wheat in Minnesota and North Dakota this year. Every bushel is as good as one dollar in gold.

IT has been many years since congress, convening in December, continued its session into August, and it is to be hoped that it will not occur soon again.

THE reapers of this section are all singing one song, "No. 1 Hard," and the threshers will soon join in the chorus.

THE congressional appropriations for the fiscal year of 1883 are greater by $76,000,000 than last year.

NEWS COMMENTS.

GOOD as gold—Dakota dirt.

GEN. HAZEN should be invited to our fair.

THE press of the country was unanimously on the side of the president in the matter of the veto.

THE St. Paul Pioneer Prese says that the big hotel so long talked of in that city will soon be a "stately fact."

THE democratic territorial convention meets at Mitchell on the 27th of September Two hundred and forty-nine delegates are to be elected.

JOSEPH STRICHLAND hired out to an Iowa farmer named Carrington. He worked just long enough to get acquainted and eloped with his employer's daughter.

THE national debt was largest in August, 1865, when it reached $2,756,431,571. In the last seventeen years we have paid on it more than a thousand million dollars.

UNDER the provisions of Delegate Pettigrew's bill for the opening up of the Sioux reservation, entries on the ceded lands can be made only under the homestead law.

THE fields of oats are at the height of their glory. Their appearance at this time suggests the lines of Schiller:

"In waves of silver drifting,
On to harvest rolls the grain."

FRANK H. WHITE, a traveling salesman in the employ of the North Star boot and shoe house, Minneapolis, is said to have become mashed on a Sioux City demi monde to the tune of $500 or more of his employers' money. He has gone to parts unknown.

A RUMOR that the mission of Rufus Hatch out this way was to buy up a large quantity of corn in the interest of a big corner, prevailed yesterday in St. Paul, and created considerable interest. There is no truth in it. The real reason is told in this morning's dispatches to the TRIBUNE.

THE democrats of the Twelfth Illinois are trying to nominate a congressman, but with not first-rate success. After voting 1,304 times without result the convention adjourned till next Tuesday. The last ballot stood substantially the same as the first. Gen. Singleton, the present incumbent, has a slight lead.

IN Sunday morning's TRIBUNE there appeared an editorial article reviewing the services of Delegate Pettigrew during his two years of office. In addition to that record the TRIBUNE'S Washington telegrams this morning show what the delegate has done in the way of extending Dakota's postal service.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN lifts his sepulchral voice and prophesies that this American republic is going right plumb to eternal smash unless the people stop eating meat and adopt a vegetable diet. The TRIBUNE would suggest to the greenback party that it should put into its platform a strong anti-carnivorous pro-garden "sass" plank to catch this sentiment. "Every little helps."

THE Fargo Republican thinks the crop items now appearing in Missouri slope papers will lead people to think this section is "good for something, after all."

ASSURANCES as to the good standing of the Hillsdale boat crew in this country are said to have been received by the London association as long ago as Tuesday of last week.

THE Minneapolis fair managers propose to give an elegant silk banner to the town in the northwest exhibiting the best display of agricultural products. Bismarck can have that banner if she will only rustle for it.

A JAMESTOWN dispatch to the Minneapolis Journal says that Rufus Hatch told a friend that the enormous wheat crop of Dakota this year would put $300,000 into his pocket, as it would have a favorable effect on stocks.

THE Grand Forks Plaindealer truly remarks: "To own a Dakota farm five years hence will be to possess riches. He who falters is lost. Secure land by all means, young man, and the secret and difficulty of your fortune making is solved at once. You will then be already rich, and many there will be five years hence who would like to curry your horses."

MR. EDISON is progressing very slowly with that electric light. The opening of his system of electric lighting in New York city has been postponed from time to time for the last two or three years. People are beginning to doubt that he has made any great invention after all. In the meantime the Brush light is giving very good satisfaction wherever it is used.

THUS far nine counties have elected delegates to the Grand Forks convention. Of these McCook, Minnehaha and Brule, 27 votes, are instructed for Delegate Pettigrew: Yankton, Kingsbury, Davison and Turner, 35 votes, are for Hand: while Pembina gives her 12 votes to Jud La Moure. In Bon Homme county (9 votes) two sets of delegates were elected—one for Pettigrew and one for Hand.

THE Minneapolis Tribune says: "The vigorous young daily papers of the new Northwest are engaged in organizing an association to get the telegraphic news. They propose to have an Associated Press agent stationed at St. Paul or Minneapolis to make up a special report for the northwestern territory outside of these two cities. The move is a business like one, and will result in strengthening the papers engaged in it enormously."

THE case of a wounded man in a Philadelphia hospital is being watched with interest by the surgeons in attendance, who pronounce the wound very similar to that which caused the death of President Garfield. The man was shot July 17 by a policeman while attempting to escape, and his recovery has been considered impossible from the first. Dr. Agnew has visited the sufferer and evinced much interest in the case.

FATHER MALO, a missionary to the Pembina and Turtle Mountain Indians, has visited Washington on their behalf and obtained from Secretary Teller a promise that these Indians shall be allowed individually to take up lands under the homestead law in the Turtle mountain country, and that he (the secretary) will use his influence for obtaining an appropriation to supply them with farming implements. Most of them are mixed bloods, and have lived on the British side of the line. Unless a special law is enacted for them, the most of them will soon dispose of their homesteads.

FROM a statement made by President Villard to the house judiciary committee the other day it is learned that the road under construction and to be constructed is as follows: Yellowstone division, 340 miles, 117 completed. Rocky Mountain division, 198 miles: Clark's Forks division, 282 miles, 95 completed; Columbia River division, 235; Cascade Branch division, 219; Wisconsin division, 100; Pacific division, 44; total, 1,421 miles. The work in the western section of the country is of an expensive character. The aggregate loss of the tunnels, with the approaches, will reach $1,500,000.

DELEGATE PETTIGREW informed a reporter for the Minneapolis Journal that when the bill to divide the territory is returned to the house from the senate, he will amend it by substituting the name North Dakota in place of Pembina. Senator Saunders, of Nebraska, changed the name in the bill when he reported it, from North Dakota to Pembina. Mr. Pettigrew thinks there is no doubt that Dakota will be admitted at the next session of congress, but says Yankton county must make some kind of settlement in the matter of her bonds first.

THE recent prize fight at West Point has attracted a good deal of attention. It is believed that no action looking to the dismissal of the fighting cadets will be taken. The recent fight recalls the resignation of Cadet Ryan, of Iowa, appointed last year. The upper classman, to whom he was assigned, "fagged" him unmercifully. He sent him for a bucket of water, and when Ryan brought it he ordered him to pour it on the ground. Ryan was a second and a third time ordered to bring a bucket of water successively, and each time commanded to pour it on the ground. Certain menial tasks were imposed upon Ryan that so exasperated him that he resigned and went home. His father has since written a long letter to the secretary of war calling upon him for an explanation so as to take some steps in the case. It was referred to the West Point authorities, and they in reply have said that Ryan's remedy was very simple. If he was imposed upon it was his business to fight. The fact that he resigned and did not fight showed that he did not have the making of a soldier, and for that reason they were not sorry to lose him. This sort of opinion from the West Point authorities does not argue that the two cadets implicated in the last fight will be severely punished.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

From Saturday's Daily.

The Big Horn passed the Coal Banks on the 3d, on her way to Grand Island, where she will load the balance of her cago and take it to Benton.

The Butte and Black Hills are working for the upper end of the river.

The Helena got away at noon, and the Benton arrived, the latter with 105 tons of wool and bullion. She has laid up for the present.

The Rosebud departed for Yates with 136 tons. C. S. Mann and family were passengers.

Capt. David Campbell, the boy pilot, still lives and enjoys himself on the good things about Bismarck.

W. J. DeGarmo, an old time and faithful employe of the Coulson line, takes command of the Rosebud on her trip to Standing Rock and return.

From Sunday's Daily,

The local steamboat managers are somewhat pleased at the turn of the strike at the river Thursday. The Helena was ready to depart and the crew believed it to be absolutely in their power to increase their wages from $40 to $60 a month. Mr. Baker said nothing, but as soon as the Benton rrrived he transferred her crew and mate to the Helena, and that boat went on her way. This was a complete surprise to the strikers, one of whom remarked when asked if he wasn't on the Helena, "No, Baker shifted the cut on us and we re left."

Capt I. P. Baker, local manager of the Benton line of steamers, has purchased the wrecked Red Cloud of the board of underwriters. As soon as the water gets to its lowest point he will proceed to wreck her, and save what he can of her machinery, etc.

The Rosebud which left for Fort Yates Friday night, will return to Bfsmarck this morning.

By some error yesterday's issue of the TRIBUNE stated that one Wm. J. DeGarmo had taken command of the Rosebud. The TRIBUNE can only say that W. J. DeGarmo is still in the city of Bismarck, and is in no way connected with the Rosebud.

The Benton is tied up for the present. The driving of piles, building of cribs, etc., for the support of the Howe truss used in the construction of the iron bridge will soon confine the channel of the rtver to 113 feet. The water will be deep, however, and therefore, unless there is heavy wind, there will be no danger to steam boats.

From Tuesday's Daily.

The Rosebud, which went to Yates Friday night, returned to Bismarck Sunday afternoon

The Gen. Terry came from Yankton with a load of freight for Yates Friday and returned to Yankton again Saturday

The Batte passed Rocky Point down at 7 30 on the 6th.

Capt Jim Smith has taken command of the Nellie Peck, and steams away to Sioux City, where he will load for up river.

D. J. Clarke, who has been one of the pilots on the Batchelor during the past season, arrived at the Merchants Sunday. He says the Batchelor has done good work this year She has made five trips from the end of the track to Coulson with material for the bridge across the Yellowstone at that point, and is now at Guy Bluff on her way down to Glendive, where she expects to winter.

North Pacific transfer No. 2 left the mouth of the Big Horn on the 5th, bound for the track The water in the Yellowstone is very low

From Thursday's Daily

The steamers Battle and Black Hills passed Gelpin, down at 5 p. m. on the 8th.

The Helena passed Buford, up, at daylight on the 9th.

The Gen Terry came up the river as far as Fort Yates, and returned from that place to Chamberlain.

The Black Hills passed Popular River at 4 30 p m. yesterday.

The Nellie Peck which left here on Sunday, passed L Beau's on the 8th destined for Sioux City.

The Josephine and Big Horn were at Fort Benton on the 9th. The latter left yesterday for Bismarck with a full load of wool.

The river is reported four inches above low water mark at Benton.

Advices from above report that the steamer Far West has met with a serious accident by running through herself, breaking out her after cylinder head, and throwing her piston and pitman over board The accident happened thirty miles below Cow Island. The Far West was enroute to Benton. She had lightened one-half her cargo at or near the place of the accident, and had returned for the balance of her cargo, which consisted of seventy-five tons of flour for I. G. Baker & Co.

The steamer Sherman left for Buford at 7 o'clock last evening to bring down the three companies of troops ordered removed to Lincoln and Pembina.

IMPORTANT TRANSFER.

An Ohio Man's Faith in Bismarck.

A few days ago Col. W. B. McClung and son, of Columbus, Ohio, arrived at Bismarck en route for Montana. The colonel was accompanying his son, W. E. McClung, who had determined to locate in the west. Ex-President Hayes had told Col. McClung of this country and had given him letters to friends at Bismarck, and he felt that he owed it to Mr. Hayes to visit his farm and spend a day or two in this vicinity. He was particularly pleased with the location of the city, with its elevation and drainage, and its commanding view of river and surrounding country, and with its situation on the great Missouri, a channel of commerce that never pools its earnings, affording with its tributaries two thousand miles of navigation above the city, not to speak of thousands of miles below, as it wends its way to the sea. He was pleased with the vast extent of agricultural country surrounding it, with its wealth of soil and excellence of climate. He found crops equal to the best in his own state of Ohio—equal to the best in the famous valley of the Miami. His attention was attracted to the N. P. Clark land, sold a few days ago to Mr. Greene, of Mapleton. The son bought it, paying therefor the sum of $16,640, an advance of $3,860 over the price paid by Mr. Greene two weeks ago. The farm consists of 1,280 acres, 640 acres on the bend above the river bottom, embracing the old townsite of Burleigh City and 640 acres of meadow and timber land embracing Sibley's battle ground. As stated in a former article in relation to this farm, it was here where the last battle of the Indian war of 1862 was fought, and it was here where Lieut. Beaver, who was an English nobleman serving as a volunteer aide on Gen. Sibley's staff, was killed and buried. The farm is one of the best on the Missouri river slope, and is worth far more than the price paid for it. Plans for its improvement have not been matured, but will be ere long. Mr. McClung paid $10,240 cash on his purchase, and comes to Bismarck to stay. His father returns to Ohio in a few days, and expects to so shape his affairs as to enable him to locate at Bismarck in a short time.

He sees a great future for North Dakota, and believes Bismarck will be its political and commercial metropolis. When its location and surroundings are considered, he says he can not see how it can be otherwise. He says no power under heaven can prevent it; that it does not matter what course the railroad company pursues toward it. The elements are here that will bring success. Its location will commend it, and the enterprise of its citizens will force the recognition it deserves.

Col. McClung has resided for the past twelve years at Columbus, and previous to that in the Miami valley. He has been several years a member of the Ohio Legislature, and is now chairman of the committee of ways and means of the council. He has long been identified with the agricultural affairs of that state, and with its public affairs generally, and his opinion in relation to the excellence of this country is worth more than that of almost any other man in Ohio. He has long been a member of the board of trustees of Ohio's agricultural college, and Burleigh county and Bismarck welcome him, and realize that many others will adopt his conclusions and follow his example. He is a close observer and a shrewd business man. The young man seems to be a chip of the old block, and declares he would not take thirty thousand dollars for his purchase. His judgment as to its value is correct, and shows deep appreciation of the resources and advantages of our country.

"Capt. Dan" in St. Paul.

Bismarck's popular citizen and boomer, Commodore Maratta, returned last evening from St. Paul. While in that city the commodore was interviewed by a Pioneer Press reporter with the following result: "Commodore D. W. Maratta, superintendent of one of the steamboat lines which plies between Bismarck and Fort Benton, on the upper Missouri—a distance of 850 miles by river—was at the Metropolitan, yesterday, and gave some interesting facts to a Pioneer Press reporter. He stated that the increase this season in travel and freighting over any previous year was quite remarkable; that his line kept seven steamers taxed to their utmost capacity in transporting passengers and goods into Montana, and bringing down the products of that region. The river had been good all the season and there had been no delays on account of low water. Speaking of the improvements on the upper river, between Fort Peck and Fort Benton, a distance of 300 miles, Commodore Maratta became enthusiastic over the progress thus far made by the government engineers, and said that the work so far had been excellently well done. In his opinion no river improvement now under way is of equal importance to that of the upper Missouri. The bottom of the river where improvements have been made and are contemplated is rock, and so any improvement made is permanent. Thus far the work has been done very thoroughly and very economically. The last boat down reported that the engineer corps was now idle, because the appropriation for the work was exhausted. He believed that there should be no intermission in the progress of the improvement, and thought that $100,000 per year for five years would complete a permanent three and a half feet channel the entire distance from Fort Peck to Fort Benton Until very recently it was a rare thing for a steamer to go up to Fort Benton on the low water in July, but now his boats could go right along with 100 tons of freight. The country tributary to the upper Missouri has developed so rapidly that but little idea is had, the commodore stated, of the amount of business now carried on. There had been about 500 tons of wool shipped by the river route, and many tons of fur and bullion and droves of cattle. More people—actual settlers—are going into that region this year than in many previous seasons, and it was safe to estimate that ten times more breaking had been done so far this year than ever before. Crops are all good, and in localities where, only a few years ago, it was supposed that no wheat could be grown, there will be this harvest an average yield of twenty-five bushels to the acre. Large numbers of eastern parties who seem to have plenty of money are going into Montana with a view to stock raising on a large scale. The commodore was of the opinion that this industry would suddenly assume very great proportions, and that it would keep pace in importance with wheat raising in Dakota. Everybody who goes into Montana seems to have some money, and the newcomers are all of a first rate class. So far as Indians are concerned there is not the slightest trouble to be apprehended. Referring again to the improvements on the upper river, Commodore Maratta said that the appropriations made were too small to be applied to best advantage, because it required so large a portion of them each year to fit out the working party; never leaving a balance large enough to push work the whole season."

Pettigrew Interviewed,

A few days ago Delegate Pettigrew, while in St. Paul, was interviewed by a Pioneer Press reporter as follows:

"What about the political situation?"

"Well, the republican convention is called to meet at Grand Forks, Wednesday, Sept. 6. There are several gentlemen who evidently desire the nomination—"

"Among them yourself?"

"Yes, I am candidate for renomination."

"Do you consider your chances good?"

"I have nothing to say about the political situation except that I understand that Hand of Yankton, and Gov. Ordway are candidates from southern Dakota, and Judson LaMoure, of Pembina, from the northern portion of the territory. So far as the relative strength of candidates is concerned, and all that, I have nothing to say, for I have lately come from Washington, and may plead that I am not posted. The people will dispose of the nomination to their own satisfaction when they elect delegates to the convention."

"Of course there is an immigration boom in southern Dakota?"

"It is simply immense. There has never been a boom in that part of the country until now. I think of the 40,000 new settlers that have gone into Dakota this season, at least 25,000 have gone into the southern half of the territory. The crops are almost marvelous this year, and there is greater prosperity than we have ever known before. There is a vast region of the finest land in the world west of Janson, in southern Dakota, yet subject to entry. The building of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul from Aberdeen will open up that country, and very rapid settlement is sure to follow. The senate bill authorizing the secretary of the interior to negotiate with the Sioux for the purpose of reducing the size of all their reservations will also give a good deal of splendid land to settlement, for the secretary will proceed at once to enter upon that work, and I am assured that there will be no trouble in making satisfactory arrangements with the Indians. Taking everything into consideration, the prospects of Dakota—both north and south—were never so great as now."

MILWAUKEE Sentinel: The rebel chieftain, Arabi Bey, shows no signs of relaxing his operations in Egypt, and the situation is critical for a war which may draw the great powers of Europe into its meshes. They have long and patiently waited for the dissolution of the Sick Man of the East, and the fact that the Russian delegate to the Constantinople conference was ordered to absent himself shows that the government of the czar has no sympathy that will give Turkey the strength of a military alliance with Great Britain. Russia, as long as England acted independent of Turkey in Egypt, had no words of condemnation for her: but when it was proposed that the sultan dispatch troops to play second fiddle to the English fleet, the attitude of Russia, for a time, changed. What the latter country would like would be for Arabi Bey to precipitate a religious war, in which the Mohammedans should engage in a death struggle with Christianity. The result of such a conflict cannot be doubted. The Mohammedans are numerically strong, but under the teachings of their doctrines they have failed to advance in civilization with the nations of Europe, and would be no match for them in a conflict. The religion of the prophet would down, and carry with it the Ottoman empire. Should such a war result, it would be on the most gigantic scale of any conflict since the middle ages. It is estimated that the forces engaged would number fully 100,000,000 men, imbued with all the zeal and fanaticism of religionists.

A SUIT is to be entered in behalf of the widow of the late Gov. Washburn to secure for her her legal one-third of the estate. The result will be to reduce by one-third the property in the hands of the executors for carrying out the provisions of the will, and will seriously cripple them, though it is the opinion of the probate judge that the property is sufficient to pay all bequests. It is alleged that Mr. Washburn's mind was unsound during his last illness, and that he was mentally irresponsible at the time of making and signing his last will and testament. Those interested in contesting the document upon this ground claim that they have found an abundance of evidence to sustain their position, and that it can easily be proved that Mr. Washburn was non compos mentis when he made and signed the paper under consideration.

THE introduction of the electric lighting system brings its peculiar perils. The increased liability of fire in buildings where the wires are run was long ago recognized by insurance men, who raised their rates on all such risks. Now comes the following story from Paris, showing that it endangers life as well as property: Two men, while attempting to climb over a railing around the Tuilleries and gardens, Paris, during a display of fireworks, caught hold of the electric wire used in the illumination of the grounds, and were both struck dead instantly.

GOV. COLQUITT, of Georgia, candidate for the United States senate, has declared himself squarely in favor of prohibition in Georgia.

A SOLDIER'S SUICIDE.

Disgusted With Life he Blows His Head Open with His Rifle.

CAMP POPLAR RIVER, M. T., Aug. 2.—Late on the evening of the 29th of last month, Patrick Quinlan, a private in company F Eleventh intantry, deserted from his post, and on the day following two Indian scouts by the direction of the commanding officer were sent out to capture him if possible. After being absent a little over twenty-four hours the red agents of the government returned, stating that they had gone as far as the Canada line, but could find no trace of the man they were looking for. The Canadian line is about sixty-five miles from here. Two days after what has been described, two men with a wagon were proceeding along the trail which leads direct from this post to the British possessions, when, on reaching what is known as the third crossing on Poplar river, they discovered the body of Quinlan a little to one side of the road and bearing unmistakable signs of suicide. The unfortunate soldier was lying among some willow bushes, and but a few steps from the water. He appeared to have been dead about twenty-four hours. His head rested upon his saddle, and his body upon a blanket, while the discharged gun at his side with its muzzle towards him left the manner of his death beyond conjecture. A more determined case of self destruction is difficult to imagine, though the way it was brought about is by no means an uncommon one. Having loaded his gun and seated himself upon his blanket he must have held the muzzle to his mouth with both hands and pulled the trigger with his right toe. This theory though founded upon other experiences, is almost confirmed in this instance, as the thumb and forefinger of the desperate man's right hand was powder burnt; some of his front teeth were shattered, and the back of his head blown open, evidently by the outward course of a ball. In the chamber of the gun was a cartridge shell. A tomato can with water in it, a half-eaten prairie chicken and some crackers showed plainly that as far as the necessaries of life were concerned the soldier did not suffer. Besides, a pony was standing tethered not more than twenty steps from the body, which would have enabled the unfortunate man to reach civilization had he felt inclined. Twenty-two dollars were found in one of his pockets. It is surmised that on finding himself alone and on the prairie for perhaps the first time in his life, he got discouraged, considered his prospects not worth living for, and at last, like thousands have done before him, looked upon death as the only friend left. One of the men who found him was a sergeant in his own company, named Clements, and he was the first man to bear the news of his comrade's terrible fate to this post. The next day an ambulance was sent out with a small escort of soldiers, who, on account of the body being decomposed, buried it close to where it was found. The deceased had been in the service of the United States about fourteen months; was about twenty-three years of age, and in stature was below the average size. He belonged and enlisted at Boston. Quinlan was fairly educated, was a quiet, inoffensive man, and generally liked by every one who knew him. As he never spent his money in any of the cardinal ways peculiar to soldiers at frontier posts, viz: cards, liquor, or among squaws, and as there was only twenty-two dollars found upon his person, it is presumed distant friends reaped some of the benefit of his brief enlistment. But why after taking such deliberate pains as he evidently did to desert, when once free he chose to destroy himself, is a question easier to guess at than answer. FAR WEST.

Coming West.

The Miles City Press of the 8th says: "A letter was received this morning from Lieut.-Commander Gorringe, U. S. navy, in which he states that he will arrive in Miles City on or about the 25th inst., and make the metropolis his headquarters for several days. He further conveys the gratifying intelligence that a number of gentlemen, including Senator Bayard, of Delaware, Hon. Perry Belmont, M. C., Hon. Abraham Hewitt, M. C., and Gen. Barlow will accompany the lieut.-commander, and that the party will leave Chicago on the 20th inst., and go through to the National Park by the way of St. Paul, Bismarck, Miles City and Bozeman. Lieut. Gorringe says: 'Our party will be one purely of pleasure seeking, except myself. I will have a little business. I am prepared to go ranching on a large scale, having secured ample capital and every facility. If they can be got at reasonable rates we can buy as many as 10,000 head of mixed cattle. Should I go out ahead of the party I will explore the Mizpah Valley for cattle ranges.'"

Fatal Fall.

How terrible must be a man's feelings when he knows he has taken a fatal step, which, in a few seconds, will land him in eternity. Yesterday afternoon a man named John Cook, one of the raisers at work on the Bismarck bridge, made a misstep and fell a distance of eighty feet into the muddy waters of the Missouri, which was never known to give up its victims. The unfortunate man struck some bridge timbers about half way down which probably killed him instantly, as it is said no one saw him come to the surface of the water after the fatal plunge. Mr. Cook was from Detroit Mich., was an excellent workman, and well liked by all his comrades. This accident is the first one that has resulted fatally to any one actually engaged on the bridge proper. The utmost care is taken by the engineers in charge of the bridge for the protection of employes, and it is a noteworthy fact that there have been less fatalities thus far in the building of this great structure than in the building of any other bridge on the Missouri river.

Telegraphic Ticks.

Franz Falk, of the Falk brewing company, Milwaukee, is dead.

A reunion of confederate soldiers will be held August 15 at Sedalia, Mo.

Rear Admiral McDougall, U. S. A., died yesterday at San Francisco.

The national board of charities and reforms is in session at Madison, Wis.

The Milwaukee children are dying off at a frightful rate of cholera infantum.

Milwaukeeans are "shelling out" for the relief of starving humanity in Iceland.

Ex-Senator Dorsey was thrown from his wagon in Washington yesterday, and badly hurt.

Mrs. G. S. Baasen, of Franksville, Wis., was brutally outraged Wednesday, by a tramp.

The Massachusetts prohibitory convention nominated for governor Hon. Chas. Myer, of New Bedford.

Bob Ingersoll took a plunge in the sea at Long Branch, Monday, which gave him a severe chill.

John Ward and John Brooks fought with soft gloves in Milwaukee, Saturday night, for $200. Ward won.

Eleven buildings burned at Dwight, Ill., yesterday. Loss $18,000; insurance $14,000. Supposed incendiary.

The republican convention of the ninth district of Ohio yesterday renominated Jas. S. Robinson for congress.

At Urnapem, Mexico, an official named Ninz had eight prisoners publicly shot yesterday, without provocation.

At 8 o'clock last night a bright light was seen off St. Joseph, Mich., which was believed to be a burning barge.

The Irish members of parliament hold that English proceedings in Egypt are unwarranted and brutal.

Wm. Hale, of Bradford, Pa., who attempted to ravish his little daughter, was tarred and feathered by indignant neighbors.

The bridge across the Merrimac river at Lowell, Mass., was burned Saturday night, and it will take $35,000 to replace it.

Dan Blakely, a colored man, was lynched near Lancaster, S. C., for an attempt to outrage a white girl.

The theatrical manager, Blandvlska, who committed a forgery at Milwaukee, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

One hundred and seventy-five saloon keepers of Davenport, Iowa, propose to do business just the same as before the prohibitory law.

Several mills in the vicinity of Pittsburg, that have been shut down on account of the strikers, have resumed work with non-union men.

Anarchy reigns in some parts of Peru. A Chilian garrison at Conception, seventy-four men, have been massacred by the inhabitants.

The wholesale grocers of Philadelphia have been notified of an advance in the price of matches from twenty-five cents to $1.50 per gross.

A young man who made an ascension from Maysville, Ky., Monday afternoon, seated on a trapeze bar, landed in the Ohio river and was drowned.

H. C. Alkines has been appointed assistant superintendent of the Chicago & Council Bluffs division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway.

The Rev. D. C. Hanselman, a Canton, O., preacher, is having a church trial. He is accused of hugging and kissing women of his congregation.

Topeka, Kan., has been experimenting with tower electric lights with such satisfactory results that the entire city is to be lighted with them.

Mrs. Harry Hammond, who had been married only four months was deserted at a Chicago hotel by her husband, who took with him her clothing and jewelry.

Tom Talbertson, section foreman, was run over by a hand car near Lanesboro, Minn., yesterday, and both his legs were cut off. Talbertson was drunk.

W. S. Larner, from England, 19 years old, fell from a steamer at Duluth yesterday, and was drowned. He was going to Winnipeg to "catch on to the boom."

Anna Gabriel was run over by a locomotive at Appleton, Wis., yesterday, and had a leg cut off. But it didn't surprise her at all, as she had dreamed the thing would happen.

The large sawmill of Charles Betcher, at Red Wing, Minn., was destroyed Sunday morning by fire. There was no insurance, Betcher having canceled his policy a few days before the fire.

A woman named Reading and her five daughters, three of them adopted, have been arrested in Chicago for shoplifting. The old woman was getting well "heeled" from the children's stealings.

A negro named Holmes found several white girls blackberrying near Rutland, O., a few days since, and scaring all of them away except the oldest, he outraged her in the most brutal manner. He was jailed.

Robbers boarded a passenger train at Benson, on the Southern Pacific road, Saturday night, and while two stood at the door of a coach with drawn revolvers, the others walked leisurely through the coach and relieved the passengers of their valuables.

Many business men of New York are indignant because the river and harbor bill was passed over the president's veto. A telegram says they will inaugurate a movement to defeat the re-election of all senators and representatives who voted for that bill.

A gang of young ruffians in Henderson county, Tex., "respectably connected," have been plundering stores, ravishing helpless women, and engaging in other deeds of devilry for some time. A sheriff's posse are in pursuit of them, and when caught they will be killed.

A few days ago a prize fight occurred at West Point between Cadet Frank A. Cook, of Rhode Island, and Edward N. Scudder, of Mississippi. The southerner was badly worsted. The fighters and other cadets connected with the affair will be court-martialed and bounced.

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TELEGRAPHIC

The Indian Territory Row.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 4.—The present trouble in the Cree nation began in the northwestern part of the nation last week by the arrest of a criminal and his rescue; and the murder of Capt. Sam Scott, by a gang of the men is not yet settled. United States Marshal Buck was in Fort Smith yesterday. He gives the following view of the situation: Monday night the Sands men escaped on Belle creek, nine miles from the Muskogee, in command of a noted desperado named Dick Glass. The chief of the Cree nation was in camp eighteen miles distant with 500 men, and citizens were still coming to his aid. When the command reaches 800, he will arrest the twelve slayers of Capt. Scott. Then Sands called on Agent Tuffts, at Muskogee, and advised them to surrender the men wanted by the authorities, as the only means of preventing bloodshed. This they emphatically refused to do, and declared their intention to stand by their comrades to the bitter end. Great excitement prevails throughout the nation. As the matter now stands the Glass gang must disperse and let Capt. Scott's murderers be taken by the officers or bloodshed will follow.

Promise of a Row at McKeesport.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 4.—The situation at McKeesport becomes more interesting each day, and it seems certain that if the new policemen don't act with more promptness and decision somebody will be hurt. To-day the crowds of strikers about the mills were greater than ever, and included a number of women. The abuse and insult heaped upon the non-union men were aggressive, and missiles were hurled, including rag babies and bricks. The force at work, however, showed an increase, and the presence of Manager Flagler helped to restore confidence to many. The better element among the citizens is indifferent over these disturbances; and the inefficiency of the special police comes in for considerable comment. All the workmen are escorted to and from their labors, and the impression prevails that more serious disturbances will take place before long. The members of the amalgamation association disclaim any action of a turbulent nature, but violent threats are heard from either side.

Bold Robbery In St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 4.—While Pat McLaughlin was standing in front of an employment office at the corner of Third and Jackson streets to-day, he was approached by two men who told him they would give him a job at $2.50 per day if he would come to their office. He went with them toward the river until he became suspicious, and refused to go any further. At this, one of the men knocked him down with a billy and then knocked him senseless, after which they rifled his pockets of $75 and skipped. When McLaughlin revived he reported his loss to the police, who subsequently arrested one of the parties, who gives the name of Frank Brown. He says his partner's name is John Brown, but denies having had anything to do with the robbery.

The Eternal Grind.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—In the senate the house bill relieving certain soldiers of the late war from the charge of desertion passed. The debate on the tax reduction bill was resumed. The conference committee on the naval bill reported an agreement upon nearly all the items in that measure. The senate was finally obliged to adjourn for want of a quorum.

In the house the conference report on the naval bill was presented, the conferees having agreed upon all the items in dispute except that relating to the closing of navy yards. The conference report on the legislative bill was presented and agreed to. The senate amendments to the sundry civil bill were mostly concurred in.

Speeding at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Aug. 4.—The driving park association's August meeting was to have closed to-day, but owing to delays in scoring and splitting up heats, the completion of the programme will require another day. The special race was of interest, and was taken by Clingstone in three straight heats. Edwin Thorne showed well in the race and finished each heat close up. In the third heat, after passing the distance flag, Minnie R. caught her foot and fell, doing but slight injury to herself or driver. Little Brown Jug was brought out for exhibition at the close of the second race, but not being in the best condition was easily paced for half a mile, making it in 1:04.

A Delightful Pair.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—A Pole named Holm, living in the Town of Lake, a suburb joining this city on the south, was arrested to-day on suspicion of having caused the death of an infant recently born to his wife. The couple have been living in that neighborhood about eight years. Children have been born to them with unusual frequency, and they mysteriously disappeared, causing much talk among their neighbors. After his arrest Holm confessed that during his eight years residence here his wife has born him eight children, all of whom he placed in sacks, and buried on the lake beach. Two other children, born in Nebraska, died in the same way. The woman consented to their murder.

Latest From The Seat of War.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 4.—An unconfirmed rumor is current that the European quarter of Cairo has been fired, and that complete arrangements have been made for occupation. Aucland Calvin, acting British consul general, visited all the banks to-day, and warned them against negotiating drafts of the Turkish governments. The porte has informed the khedive's government that it has drawn upon it for expenses of the expedition to Egypt.

Educated vs. Uneducated Muscle.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 4.—Prof. John McMahon, champion collar-and-elbow wrestler of the world, and John O'Brien, the "Texas giant," met for the first time in this city to-night. In a contest for a purse of $200, O'Brien took first fall on a grapevine lock, after a contest of twelve minutes. McMahon took second fall on a right hip lock, in eight minutes, and the third fall on a right trip and twitch, in eight minutes. O'Brien is considerably McMahon's superior in strength, and quite his equal in activity, but is lacking in science. The "Texas giant" is six feet 10½ inches high, and weighs 220 pounds.

Ran Into a Washout.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 4.—A special to the Leader reports that last night the through Pacific express on the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago road ran into a washout on the road twenty miles from Canton. The locomotive and postal car were thrown on their sides, and two baggage cars ran into the excavation. There were a large number of passengers on the train, but no one was injured. Thirty trains, passengers and freights, were blocked between Alliance and Orville this morning.

A "Dampener" on the Picnic.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—At the South park this afternoon, where the employes of a manufacturing company were picnicking, a boat attempted to pass through the canal connecting the park with Lake Michigan, and was upset, four of the five persons in it being drowned. The names of those lost are Mrs. Ford, an aged lady, Martin Johnson, Wm. Barsoules and John Fehrmon. The latter three were all married. Martin Johnson's wife was saved.

Down Grade to Eternity.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 4.—A terrible accident occurred to day at 12 o'clock at Cranberry colliery, near this city. A large train of freight cars was coming from the mines, and in descending a decline leading to the depot the brakeman lost control of the train, which dashed along at a terrible rate, jumping the track, killing six men and wounding fifteen others. The unfortunate men were of the mining classes.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The senate to-day confirmed Wm. Waldorf, of Astor, N. Y., exvoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Italy; Schuyler Crosby, of New York, governor of Montana territory; J. W. Hines, U. S. marshal of North Dakota; Harrison Alter, Pennsylvania, U. S. marshal of Dakota.

A Freight Train in the River.

CINCINNATI. Aug. 4.—The Commercial's Fremont, O., special says the bridge over Green creek was undermined by the flood and went down with a freight train this morning. The entire train went into the stream, except the caboose. No one hurt. Loss heavy.

The "Spunky" Hillsdales.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Hillsdale crew challenged the Amateur Rowing association to furnish a crew to row in the international race in a fortnight. If the association refuses to accept the challenge, the Hillsdales will claim the championship of England.

Let 'Em Pass.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The cabinet to-day considered the question of allowing Chinese laborers in Cuba to pass through the United States. No conclusion was reached.

A Brush with the Arabs.

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 5, 11:30 p. m.—Arabi Pasha to-day made a reconnoisance in force. Commencing at 4 o'clock this afternoon an advance was made with the main body upon the railway line, and rifles upon the west bank of the Mohamandich canal. The South Staffordshire regiment and mounted infantry were stationed upon the east bank. The enemy were driven in from all their advanced posts and compelled to bring into action all their troops in front of their principal line of entrenchment at Kafe el Dwar. There were about four battalions of infantry, a force of cavalry and several guns. The latter were completely silenced by the accurate fire of an English forty-pounder. The Egyptian infantry held their ground with considerable steadiness. The marines on the railway, who were under the immediate command of Gen. Allison, pushed the enemy back upon their second line of entrenchments toward Kafe el Dwar. The marines were supported by the South Staffordshire regiment and rifles. They suffered somewhat, but behaved with the greatest coolness and steadiness under heavy fire. The object of the British operations, which was to compel the enemy to display what force and what guns they had in front of their main position, was completely attained.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—In the senate the conferees on the naval bill reported an agreement, and the bill passed. The bill regulating duty on knit goods was debated at considerable length and finally passed. The tax reduction bill was taken up but soon laid aside.

In the house a joint resolution for a court of inquiry to investigate the loss of the Arctic exploring steamer Jeanette, passed. Also a joint resolution providing a select committee to inquire into the needs of American ship building. The conference report on the naval bill was adopted, all points of difference having been settled by the conference committee. The committee on foreign affairs having charge of the subject, reports that in its opinion the house could not compel shippers to produce certain papers in the Chili-Peru investigation. A communication was received from the secretary of state giving a list of Americans now confined in British prisons. Both houses held evening sessions for the purpose of receiving the conference report on the sundry civil bill, which is about the only business remaining to be done.

The Eight-Hour Question.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—It is stated that the president has decided upon a strict enforcement of the eight-hour law, as that law was construed during the administration of Gen. Grant. Members of the cabinet, however, entertain different views on this subject. The attorney general, in a recent opinion, held that the present law is imperfect and that it requires additional legislation. The secretary of the navy, on the other hand, contends that under the existing law eight hours constitute a legal day's work, and he says the law will be enforced at the navy yard. The president is said to be of the same opinion as Secretary Chandler. No effort will be made to induce congress to legislate further upon the subject during the present session.

A Buckeye Tragedy.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 5.—The Commercial's Chillicothe, O., special says: Benj. Wilkaham was murdered late this afternoon. Circumstances point plainly to a man named Giddings as the murderer. Two weeks ago Mr. Wilkaham eloped with Giddings' wife. Giddings followed and induced his wife to return. Wilkaham appeared to-day, and half an hour before the killing, Wilkaham and Giddings were seen to enter a confield together, when shortly after a farmer, having heard two shots, found Wilkaham's dead body. Giddings has escaped.

An Arkansas Breeze.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 5.—Information was received to-night that a tornado passed over a portion of Ouachita county, Wednesday evening. The wind moved in a southwesterly course at the rate of fifty miles an hour, and near a place called Lone Tree ferry, on Ouchita river, a tree was blown across a tent containing a man named Walton, his wife and four children. The wife was killed and one child badly hurt. Great damage was done to fencing along the course of the tornado.

Killed by Desperadoes.

LITTLE ROCK, Aug. 5.—Thursday night Constable Applegate and a posse went to the house of John Cox, in Lafayette county, who, with Will Ayers, was suspected of murdering a negro named John Wesley, early in the week. In the house were both the men wanted and two others. They resisted the officers, killing Applegate and two of the posse, and making their escape. Wesley, the murdered negro, was a large land owner in Lafayette county.

Only a Little "Rally."

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Aug. 5.—Ex-United States Deputy Marshal T. G. Hewlett shot and killed Sandy Bynull, (colored) the most prominent leader of the republicans in Madison county, at an independent rally to-day. A mob of negroes congregated, vowing to kill Hewlett, but were pacified with great difficulty. Hewlett fled, but it is rumored was arrested late to-night.

An Ohio Waterspout.

CLEVELAND Aug. 5.—A New Comerstown special reports that a waterspout burst over that section yesterday, ruining vast quantities of out hay and prostrating acres upon acres of corn. Small streams became small rivers, and in some places land previously dry was submerged under fifteen feet of water.

Mrs. Scoville Sues for Divorce.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5.—Mrs. Scoville this morning in the circuit court filed a bill for divorce against her husband, alleging cruelty on two occasions. Not much significance is attached to these proceedings. Her husband claims she is being influenced by interested outsiders, and that she has no real grievance.

An Irish Editor Jailed.

TUAM, Ireland, Aug. 5.—Richard Kelly, proprietor of the Tuam Herald, was committed for trial to-day for publishing an article written by Jas. Redpath, which is alleged to have been the incitement to the murder of Burke. Bail was accepted. The vicinity of the court was crowded during the examination.

They Think It Was a Fight.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Corporation counsel decides that a contest, such as the recent glove fight between Sullivan and Wilson, is a prize fight within the meaning of the law, and the police have ample power to prevent any such exhibition and to arrest all parties concerned as principals or spectators.

Perils of Railroading in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 4.—A Tiffin special says the bridge over Green creek at Green Springs, was undermined, and a passenger train fell through last night. The engine went over safely. Roger Link, of Tiffin, was drowned, and a number of others were injured.

Don't Know What to Do.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5.—The Amalgamated Iron and Steel Workers assert that their convention has done nothing definite so far. They are considering a proposition to admit reporters.

Yellow Fever on the Gain.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Aug. 5.—There are about fifty cases of fever here, and it is increasing rapidly.

Gen. Warren Very Ill.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 5.—Gen. G. K. Warren, U. S. A., is seriously ill.

Pettigrew's Postal Route Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—During his term of office, Delegate Pettigrew has secured the establishment of the following postal routes in Dakota: From DeSmet via Scandinavia to Watertown; from Andrews and Byron Wheeler via Brownsdale to Plankington; from Preston to Watertown; from Julian to Croton; from Preston to Madison; from Fort Stevenson to Walkerston; from Alexander via Redstone to Huron; from Denta Valley to Almeda; from Watertown to Webster; from Webster via Chester to Redfield; from Chamberlin to Rapid City; from Wheatland via Watson farm to Lisbon: from Huron via Groton to Peniqua; from Berlin via Wienada and Hamlin to Ordway; from Tower City to Mayville; from Liebeck to Stump; from Dwight via Scoville to Lisbon; from Grafton via Nora to Amour; from Pembina via Bathgate, Liner and Westview Cooley to Montana; from Salem via Howard and Frankfort to Cavour; from Clark to Desmer; from Madison to Lake Preston; from Flandrau to Aurora; from Springfield via Avon, Oak Hollow and Plainview to Mitchell; from Spearfish via Sundanac and Loomis' ranch to Little Powder River, Wy. Ter.; from Redfield to Robb; from Aberdeen to Reigstadt; from Clark to Huron; from Jerusalem via Creelsburg to Villard; from Jamestown to Lisbon; from Jamestown to Larimore; from Jamestown to Stump; from Jamestown to Villard; from Bismarck to Villard; from Grafton to Creelsburg; from Valley City to Grand Rapids; from Chamberlain to Miller; from Forestburg to Crow Creek; from Miller to Wessington; from Plankington to Miller; from Redfield to Miller; from Sanborn to township 142, range 61 north; from Miller to Kimball; from Desnier to Howard; from Sanborn via Booth, Bald Creek and Jessie to Red Willow; from Flandreau to Lake Preston; from Alexandria via Redston, Dentonsville and Alwilda to Huron; from Lake Preston via Alwilda to Aurelia; from Inster to Creesburg; from Oak Hollow via Barnersdale to Plankington; from Minto via Forest River, Reno, Inster and Belleville to Medford; from Empire to Sturgis City; from Cascade to Custer: from Salem to Nelson; from Miller to Kimball; from Ellendale to Grand Rapids; from Lawrence to Forrestburg; from Lake Preston to Howard. Montana: From Clancy via Gregory and Wyckes to Jefferson City; from Billings to Crow.

Old Man Nicholson at Alexandria.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The navy department is in receipt of advices from Rear Admiral Nicholson, commanding the European station, dated "Off Alexandria, Egypt, July 14." He reports that on the 10th of July, at 4 a. m., he received official notice from Admiral Seymour, commanding the British naval forces at that station, that hostilities might occur within twenty-four hours between Her British Majesty's forces under his command and the forces of the ruler of Egypt, and requesting him to move the vessels under his command without the line of fire. Admiral Nicholson sent information immediately to the consulate and prepared to receive any and all refugees who sought protection. The day was a busy one, as every nationality present was doing its utmost to free the city from its residents and the harbor from vessels. At 3 p. m. Admiral Nicholson moved outside the bar with the vessels of the squadron, having about 130 refugees on board. On the 14th, after the bombardment, Admiral Nicholson again crossed the bar with the vessels of the squadron and anchored in the lower harbor. He sent to the Khedive, who with his ministers was at the palace, and stated that he wished to immediately re-establish the United States consulate, and, with his permission, to send an armed force on shore for its protection. The Khedive thanked him and asked his aid in extinguishing the fires still raging in the city, and also in preserving order.

Trying Hard to Adjourn.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Among a few members there was a good deal of indignation manifested at the action of the senate to-day in adjourning without taking action on the resolution for final adjournment. Members congregated in groups, and many expressed a desire that the president seould avail himsels of his constitutional right and declare both houses adjourned. In fact Anderson had a resolution drafted requesting the president to exercise that right, and only refrained from offering it to-night at the request of some of his colleagues. Another member expressed a desire to grant the senate extra mileage, which it asked for, providing they would go home and stay there altogether. A strong sentiment prevailed that the senate had treated the house in a cavalier manner. An amendmeat offered in the senate this evening by Cameron, of Wisconsin, for final adjournment at 10 o'clock to.night, was defeated through the failure of the clerk to hear the response of Senator Bayard, who voted in the affirmative. Had this vote been so recorded the amendment would have been adopted. The president and cabinet were in the executive mansion this evening for the purpose of facilitating the adjournment of congress, and all congressional business is acted upon as soon as received.

Lightning on a Bender.

STAMFORD, Cann., Aug. 7.—The Presbyterian church spire was struck by lightning at 2:30 this afternoon, and by 4 the whole building was on fire and the roof soon fell in. It is supposed that two men perished. Wm. Brown (colored) was rescued, but was seriously injured.

During the same storm the straw hat factory of W. H. White was struck in three places. The fluid passed into the office, stunning and burning Jas. Wallace, book-keeper. The residence of Geo. Roberts was also struck and damaged. Roberts himself was badly hurt, and other members of the family stunned and blistered. A dog was killed.

MIDDLETON, Aug. 7.—Lightning to-day struck three places in this place, and J. C. Mullison's house was damaged. Miss McCrea was knocked senseless in her house. The bolt came down the rod, entering through an open basement. The farmhouse of C. H. Holbert was set on fire by lightning. Several persons were in the house at the time. Not one was hurt.

LONG BRANCH, Aug. 7.—A summer house at Long Branch had an end torn out by lightning to-day and four persons were injured, one policeman, John Connors, fatally.

Great Fire in Gardner, Me.

GARDNER, Me., Aug. 7.—A great fire is raging here. A good portion of the manufacturing section of the town is already destroyed, together with many dwellings. The flames are spreading rapidly, and assistance has been asked from Augusta and Hallowell.

Later—The fire started a few minutes before 8 this evening, in Little & Moore's planing mill. The wind blew the flames away from the business portion of the town and into the saw-mills and foundries. Over twenty acres of buildings, occupied by various industries, giving employment to hundreds of workingmen, are destroyed. The loss will not fall short of $200,000. Rebuilding will commence at once.

Butler and the Governorship.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—The Herald will say Tuesday: "Before Gen. Butler sailed he proposed to the democratic managers that the democratic state convention should follow the independent republican convention, or the independent convention, and that he should be nominated for governor by the independents, and that this nomination should then be ratified by the delegates representing the Massachusetts democrats, who cast 110,000 votes for him in his last campaign. The democratic situation is this: Gen. Butler can have the party nomination if he will take it straight. But there is likely to be opposition made to any proposition for ratifying the work of another party."

The Fever Stricken Cities.

GALVESTON, Aug. 7.—The schooner Henrietta, from Matamoras, with yellow fever on board, was towed to Ship island and supplied with medicine, officers, medical stores and provisions by merchants.

MATAMARAS, Aug. 7.—Seven additional deaths occurred to-day from yellow fever. The number of new cases is not made public.

BROWNSVILLE, Aug. 7.—Yellow fever has attacked the mayor and other notable citizens. The people object to a doctor visiting Matamoras and returning.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The senate to-day confirmed the following: Gen. Grant and W. H. Trescott, commissioners to negotiate a commercial treaty with Mexico: Col. Chas. H. Crane, surgeon general, U. S. A.; W. H. Hover, California, associate justice of the supreme court; W. H. Francis, receiver of public moneys, Bismarck, D. T.

Railway Wreck, with Four Fatalities.

SHREVEPORT, La., Aug. 7.—The west bound train on the east line railroad from Jefferson, Tex., was wrecked near Winsboro, killing Conductor Fowler, Mail Agent Charles Harper, Express Agent Ike Rosser and a passenger named Feto. Several others were injured.

Bishop Talbot's Loss.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Talbot, wife of Bishop Talbot, of the Episcopal church, died at the residenee of the bishop in this city to-day of typhoid fever, aged 72 years.

NEWS COMMENTS.

NORTH PACIFIC stock 49¾; preferred, 90¾.

DELEGATE PETTIGREW is a patriot.—Pioneer Press.

UNCLE RUFUS HATCH thinks that Minneapolis is to be Minnesota's biggest city.

ATTORNEY GENERAL BREWSTER is credited with writing the president's veto message.

THE time for "catching on" to desirable homestead and tree claims will soon be gone.

BURLEIGH county wheat will average this season thirty bushels per acre. Not a hatful less.

THE Mouse river branch of the North Pacific is graded forty miles north of Jamestown, and ironing commenced yesterday.

THE prosperity of one section of North Dakota is the prosperity of all others. The TRIBUNE believes in North Dakota with a big N. D.

THE "man with the iron jaw" has appeared in Jamestown. The Alert man is mildly astonished, but qualifies his approbation of the professor's abilities until he shall have vanquished certain Montana beefsteaks, which occasionally reach that town. The Alert says that'll fetch him.

THE president denies the charge that he knew the river and harbor bill would be passed over his veto. He says he would as soon think of committing a forgery as to veto a bill with the understanding that it would be passed over his head.

GOV. ST. JOHN, of Kansas, told a reporter the other day that he was certain to be re-elected, but he added: "After finishing my work as governor of this state I am through. I would not if I could be a United States senator. My fanaticism would not avail me there. I have no doubt that I would fade into a very mortifying existence."

IT will be remembered that when Admiral Seymour sailed into the bay at Alexandria Arabi Pasha and his followers adjourned unanimously and without day. Now let Secretary Chandler turn Admiral Nicholson loose on the capitol at Washington. Thus congress would be adjourned, and we would all be sorry for what we have said about the worthlessness of the navy.

THE North Pacific are experimenting with an artificial fuel made of puiverized lignite mixed with soluble glass. The material is compressed under a pressure of one ton to the square inch. The same process has been in use in Wales for some time, and is pronounced by experts as highly successful. It is claimed the fuel has a greater evaporative power than any equal weight of coal. The inventor has been invited to St. Paul to test the matter thoroughly.

A DISPATCH to the Miles City Press from Gray's Bluff, and dated August 1, says: "Last night a monster fire was lighted on the bluff here, the highest in a circuit of many miles, by a large party of Crow Indians. Such a large fire is not remembered by the oldest inhabitant. Many fear that it is the signal for the scattered bands of Crows to meet at a general rendezvous, and interpret the signal fire as the intention of the Crows to commit some big act of hostility, in concert, against the whites."

COL. PAT DONAN to the Wisconsin editors: "Come in full force. Bring your wives and daughters with you. And if Fargo doesn't send you away thinking she is nearly as big as Chicago, it will be her first failure. Her people will give you a royal welcome—such a welcome as the livest, brightest little city in the world should extend to a worthy band of representatives of earth's noblest, hardest-worked, poorest-paid and least-thanked profession. Grand Forks, Bismarck or Jamestown will treat you as well. Come and we will show you that, if Dakota houses are small, Dakota hearts are large; that, if Dakota weather is sometimes cool, Dakota hospitality is always warm."

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

Famous Time at Steele.

EDITOR TRIBUNE: As a general rule Steele is a town of business. Business and professional men of every shade and color are in the "burg" of Steele. These business men aforesaid can be found on every corner talking lands, wheat fields, town lots, corner lots, hotels, warehouses, stores, blocks, &c.

On Monday there was a change from this every day talk and prospecting. From the Park House a company of jolly boys started for Lake Etta. Merchants, land-buyers, farmers, pleasure-seekers and a clergyman composed the happy party. We suppose they took the clergyman along for effect—that is, to give respectability to appearance of things. But they say he is a jolly good fellow, all the same. In due time all arrived at the beautiful little lake. Mr. Steele took the good-natured boys aboard of his boat, Messrs. M. R. Kent and F. C. Laird, of St. Paul; E G. Kimble, of Philadelphia, Pa.; R. P. Allison, of Chicago, and Messrs. Bruce and Whitley, of this place. There was shooting, good, bad and indifferent. Mr. Kent shot three or four times in the direction of a goose. Mr or Miss Goose—as the case may be—cooly turned her or his back to Mr. Kent and left for parts unknown. Mr. Steele shot behind the goose, before the goose, under the goose, over the goose, and all around the goose, but did not hit the goose. Mr Whitley also took the gun, but the goose didn't come down The Philadelphia chap handles the gun with elegance and ease. There was grace of movement, and precision in aim, but no goose answered the call. The Chicago boy shot all over the lake. The surface of the deep was disturbed from shore to shore. The goose continued to float in perfect safety By this time the party became desperate. A feeling of shame was making a shipwreck of all enjoyment One of the boys said "something must be did." Mr. Bruce came aboard and in a few minutes a goose "bit the water" A shout of victory went up and Mr. Bruce was crowned king. The party returned to the Park house with guns in hand. They fell into line and marched into the kitchen. The gentleman of gingerbread complexion "tumbled." It is hardly necessary to say that dinner was prepared in less time than it takes to tell it The only accident that happened worthy of note was the disturbing of one gentleman's seat of government, or rather his pants. They caught on a nail. J. SIMMONS.

The Crops.

The TRIBUNE receives daily scores of letters from all parts of the world asking about the condition of the growing grain in North Dakota. A careful canvass of this whole section shows that the average of grain will be much better than last year. In the Red river valley, along the line of the North Pacific, wheat and oats are backward, and owing to the continued wet weather during and after seeding time many pieces look exceedingly poor. The grain on higher ground, however, looks well, and the excellent growing weather of the past two weeks has brought many sections up to the average that previously promised nothing. The crop in the Red river valley, while it does not compare with other localities further west, is by no means a failure. As one journeys west he notices a decided improvement in the appearance of grain. but not until the vicinity of Jamestown is reached are the farmers generally engaged in harvesting The crops of the James river valley are excellent, and cutting of barley has already begun. Coming still farther west the crops are more advanced, and at the Troy, Steele, and Clarke farms, the barley harvest being out of the way, the machines are being oiled up for wheat and oats It would seem almost impossible for crops to look better than they do on these farms and throughout the Missouri slope. The average of wheat of this entire section is variously estimated at from twenty-five to forty bushels. Some pieces will doubtless yield over forty, but the average will likely be about thirty, which is good enough with ten bushels to spare. Barley will yield from thirty-five to fifty bushels, with about forty bushels as the average. Oats are very heavy. Some pieces will certainly go eighty bushels, and the average will be at least sixty bushels. Potatoes, corn, peas, flax, millet and all kinds of vegetables look fine, and will yield wonderfully The Missouri slope is about two weeks ahead of the Red River valley, and threshing will be general here when harvesting is at its height in that locality. Taking the whole of North Dakota together, she will come to the front this year with more No. 1 hard than ever, and a more prosperous state of affairs could not exist than is found in every section. As compared with other localities, the Missouri slope presents the best appearance and the best opportunities to settlers for next season.

Bismarck Enterprise.

While in Milwaukee Charley Williams perfected his arrangements for bottling Best's famous lager beer at Bismarck, and yesterday he begun his work. He is now bottling for immediate use—that is, for home consumption. In proper temperature the beer will keep from thirty to sixty days. He has on the way extensive machinery for the purpose of steaming beer, and will be able this fall to furnish the whole northwest with bottled beer equal to the best, and much cheaper than it can be purchased further east. Mr. Williams is also making a specialty of family trade, and families, by sending word to Mr. Williams, will be supplied with unsteamed bottled beer. This is one of the institutions of Bismarck, and Mr. Williams is entitled to great credit for his enterprise and confidence in the city, which is evident from the fact that this institution requires the outlay of a great deal of money.

A Wonderful Tooth.

At the Sheridan House, Bismarck, is a specimen of a tooth, that probably once belonged to a mammoth or mastodon. It was found by Mr. Wm. Chamberlain about 100 miles above the crossing of the North Pacific on the Little Missouri river near the mouth of Box Elder. It measures nine inches in length, four and one-eighth inches in width and six inches in depth, and is in a perfect state of preservation. Near the tooth was found a tusk, measuring four and a half feet in length and five inches in diameter. This crumbled somewhat when exposed to the air, but it is being preserved as carefully as possible. About five hundred feet from where the tooth was discovered a huge bone over eight feet in length and ten to fourteen inches in diameter was found in the bed of the river, but as soon as exposed crumbled into dust. These curiosities are indeed very rare specimens. The Bad Lands must have enjoyed at one time a tropical climate. Mr. Chamberlain is the faithful foreman of Mr. Bly's tie camps along the Little Missouri, and sent these curiosities in to Miss Hattie Bly, who remembers Mr. Chamberlain as among her earliest acquaintances. Mr. Chamberlain has been out in that wild country beyond the ear of civilization for nearly three years, and is one of the most faithful men in Mr. Bly's employ.

Midnight Fire.

Friday night about 11:30 an alarm of fire was turned in from Box 2, and before the engine could arrive, C. R. Williams' brewery, at the foot of Third street, was in flames. Nothing could be done, and even after the engine arrived it wouldn't work because of some leakage or defect It was rather sad to stand and see $5,000 go up in smoke, but everything was done that possibly could be.

The fire was first seen in the south end of the building, and as everything about the institution was damp, there is but one conclusion—the match was touched by some incendiary fiend. A man who would do such a thing would commit murder without provocation, and a place in the center of the burning building would be too good for him.

Luckily Mr. Williams had but about half a car-load of beer in the brewery at the time, and as he expects a couple of car-loads to-day, he will be able to supply his customers the same as ever. The most serious loss is that of the bottling works which he had just put in operation, and a large quantity of ice. However, Mr. Williams will immediately regain his loss, for the demand for Ph. Best's Milwaukee beer will now be greater than ever. Mr. Williams had an insurance of $1,000. The destruction of his ice will be a serious damage to his business.

Mr. Reardon, owner of the buildings, is understood to have had a small insurance, but how much is not known.

Col. Sweet in Luck.

Benton was disturbed to an unusual degree Friday night. The opening of the military reservation to settlement threw into the market about 300 acres immediately adjoining the town. A special to the Pioneer Press says: "Benton has been in a state of great excitement ever since 8 o'clock last evening over the opening of the military reservation to settlement at the lower end of the town under the townsite law. The driving of stakes, building of fences and laying of foundations was kept up all night. Teams were driving to and fro at great speed transporting stock and lumber. Men quarreling and fighting, and occasionally getting a broken head over a disputed lot made it seem like a pandemonium. A little shooting without fatal results occurred. Only two lots are allowed to each person under the law, and yet over three hundred acres were taken up before 2 o'clock a. m. The members and employes of the mammoth firms of I. G. Baker & Co. and T. C. Power & Bro. having early advices from Washington secured large tracts of the most desirable portions. Col. Sweet reached here just in time to get a slice on Main street adjoining the original town. The weather is intensely hot. The country near Benton is scorched with drouth, and the river is falling rapidly. Not more than one more boat is expected to reach here this season."

A Pistol's Work.

A revolver in the hands of Mr H. W Grambs, tinner at the hardware establishment of O. H. Beal, Saturday accidentally discharged a No. 32 bullet, which took effect in Mr. Grambs' person. It first glazed the forefinger of the left hand, and then embedded itself in his left leg about three inches above the knee. The victim was taken to his sleeping room in the rear of the hardware store, and his wounds dressed by Dr. Hersey. The wounds, though painful, are not serious. Mr. Grambs' parents live at Hainesville, Pa. The young man was fixing the revolver at the time, and the hammer accidentally slipped between his fingers.

The Jamestown Alert pays Mr. Flannery, of this city, a compliment: "At present there seems to be no North Dakota man who is willing to come out square-toed and ask for the congressional nomination. Fargo, Grand Forks, or Jamestown seem to have an available candidate. How would the name of Geo. P. Flannery, of Bismarck, the oldest attorney in the northwest, meet the approval of all sections? Mr. F. is eminently capable and is entitled to the place."

Work on the bridge progresses finely, 200 feet of the first span now being in position. The span will be finished this week, when the Howe truss will be swung around for span No. 2.

The Benton River Press says: "The assessment of Messrs. Lounsberry & Jewell, of the Bismarck TRIBUNE, foots up $5,900. The TRIBUNE is a newsy sheet, and deserves success."

Mr. Bly will load on the cars at the Little Missouri, during the next few days, about 47,000 ties. The second run is about one hundred miles up, and will not get down until next season.

Bismarckers are now being plied with letters of inquiry relative to the merits of Burleigh county, which are but the forerunners of the army of land hunters, which will pour in upon us after harvest.

Mr. Louis Peterson, proprietor of the Pacific hotel, has just completed plastering and painting the small building located a few feet north of the hotel. It has been tastily furnished with new carpets and furniture, and will be occupied by Mr. Peterson as a family residence, thus yielding his suite of rooms in the hotel to the accommodation of guests.

Mr. Vaughn, a sporting man now in Bismarck, is amusing the boys with accounts of his narrow escapes and wonderful success as a marksman. He says that he killed 116 geese in one forenoon, and had not his ammunition become exhausted he would have killed many more. Each goose was shot through the head, and no goslings were among the number. Vaughn takes the cake.

It having been currently reported that the fire engine was out of repair and utterly worthless, several have requested the TRIBUNE to state that such is not the case. It is in as good condition as ever, and ready for business at a second's notice. New hose has been ordered by telegraph, and will be here without delay. The poor work of the engine at the fire Friday night was caused by some wretch having cut the hose with a knife.

Yellow Jack is losing his grip at Matamoras.

Business failures in the United States, for the week ending August 4, were 104; for the week previous 111.

The steamship Avondale, of Charleston, for London, is reported ashore at Isaac's harbor, Nova Scocia.

Cheap Cash Store.

I have always a lot of choice creamery jar and print butter, and fresh eggs on hand.

Here is the place and now is the time to buy your cheap looking-glasses, crockeryware, stoneware, flower pots and fruit jars at slaughtering prices.

A well-assorted and selected stock of the best groceries to be had always on hand,

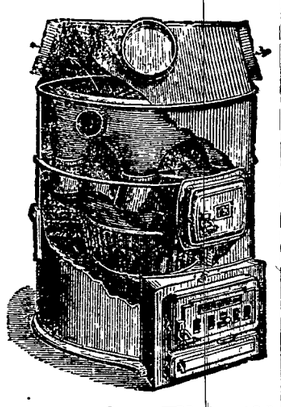
I shall now carry a good lot of seamless sacks and burlaps for farmers' use.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free o charge.

Wm. Glitschka.

HEAT YOUR HOUSES!

Most Powerful! [Wrought or Cast Iron.]



Durable! [For Coal or Wood.]

Furnaces In The World.

MADE BY

RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,

Chicago, Ill.

Embody new 1882 improvements. More practical features; Cost less to keep in order; Use less fuel; will give more heat and a larger volume of pure air than any furnace made.

Reference, George Peoples. 9 21

EXCHANGE.

I have always on hand a large amount of live eastern property, both city and country, to exchange for good lands in Dakota. JAMES W. CLARK,

44-44 Syracuse, N. Y

City Stables,

East Main Street,

CONN MOLLOY, PROPRIETOR.

Have the finest rigs in the city. Buggies, saddle horses, etc. Good accommodations for driving gwagons.

INSURANCE

FIRE AND MARINE

In the Following Companies:

Springfield	$1,361,948 00
Western, Toronto	1,150,542 00
Firemen's Fund	811,673 00
Star of New York	608,803 00
St. Paul Fire and Marine	558,483 00
American Central	550,296 00
	$5,042,045 00

G. H. FAIRCHILD, Agent.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA, County of Burleigh, } In District Court, 3d Judicial District.

I. C. Black, Plaintiff, against Isaac Thompson, Defendant. } Summons.

The Territory of Dakota sends greeting to Isaac Thompson, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff in this action, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, and serve a copy of your answer upon the subscribers at their office in the city of Bismarck, in said county, within thirty days from the date of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service. If you fail to answer the complaint within that time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated Bismarck, D. T., this 2d day of June, 1882.

FLANNERY & WETHERBY,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Bismarck, D. T.

I hereby certify that the complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, on the 27th day of May, 1881.

E. N. COREY,
52-7 Clerk of the District Court.

WOODS' CORD BINDERS

—AND—

MOWERS.

For sale by S. B. Lawrence. All machines warranted to work well. Will sell for as little money as any first-class machine. A general stock of repairs on hand. Farmers instructed so that they can operate the machines without difficulty.

Office at residence.

Cor. Fifth and C St. 6-9-2 m

IF YOU WANT TO Enjoy an Evening

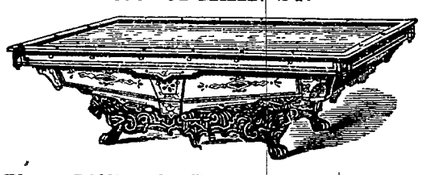
OR A

LEISURE MOMENT,

Drop in and See

M. L. Marsh,

NO. 64 MAIN ST.



Fine Billiard, Pool, and Card Tables, Everything Neat, and First-class.

Best liquors and Cigars and Ph. Best's Milwaukee Lager Beer on tap.

This place is the headquarters for Missouri river steamboat men, and you can always find your friend here some time during the night or day.

—FURNITURE—

Mattresses, Ticks and Pillows. Picture Frames, Mouldings, Mirrors, Glass, Brackets, Curtains, Poles, and Cornices. Special bargains in

SEWING MACHINES.

J. C. CADY,
Third St., BISMARCK, D. T.

C. S. WEAVER & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

LUMBER, DOORS,

Windows, Paper Nails, Paints, Lime, Cement, Plaster and Hair. Office Third street, in rear of Postoffice.

Garden Sedes!

Nursery Trees — Catalogues Free

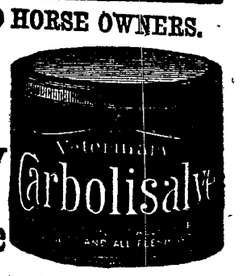
Grass Seeds! — Name's Wanted.

Flower Seeds!

WYMAN ELLIOTT,
34 8 City Market, Minneapolis, Minn.

IMPORTANT TO HORSE OWNERS.

Cole's Veterinary Carbolisalve



Will cure Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Collar and Saddle Galls, Chaps, Chafes, Mange, Sores, Abscesses, Speed-Cracks, Scratches, Cracked Heel, Thrush, Rotting Frog, Inflammations and all Skin and Hoof Diseases, quicker than any other remedy known.

It will cure any case of Scratches, Speed Crack or Cracked Heel.

It keeps the frog and hoof soft and healthy, and will grow a new tough hoof in a short time.

It is cleansing and healing and is the only preparation that will cure Cuts, Wounds, Galls and Sores, AND BRING THE HAIR IN THE ORIGINAL COLOR. Unequaled for general stable use.

Pound cans, $1. Small cans, 50 cents. Sold by Druggists generally. Prepared only by

J. W. COLE & CO.,
Black River Falls, Wis.

PILES

ANAKESIS

DR. S. SILSBEE'S EXTERNAL PILE REMEDY

Gives Instant Relief, and is an Infallible

CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.

Sold by Druggists everywhere Price, $1.00 per box, *prepaid*, by mail. Samples sent *free* to Physicians and all sufferers, by Neustaedter & Co, Box 3946, New York City. Sole manufacturers of ANAKESIS

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WE KEEP IN STOCK THE LARGEST VARIETY OF GOODS IN THE U.S. AND CAN SELL YOU ANY ARTICLE FOR PERSONAL OR FAMILY USE, IN ANY QUANTITY AT WHOLESALE PRICE. WHATEVER YOU WANT SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE (FREE) AND YOU WILL FIND IT THERE

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
227 & 229 WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO.

SAVED — READY — Sept. 1.

The People of DAKOTA

And of the whole Northwest, who contemplate visiting Chicago and the East, and who desire to travel over the BEST ROUTE, should purchase tickets over the

C., ST. P., M. & O. R'Y.

This route, through Elroy and Madison, Wisconsin, forms the only through line from

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

To Chicago,

That runs passenger trains through without change with Pullman Palace Sleepers on all express trains. Also remember that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha R'y is the

ONLY LINE

Running through trains between

ST. PAUL & COUNCIL BLUFFS,

With Sleeping Cars through without change to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph and Kansas City. Tickets over all lines of the C., St. P., M. & O. R'y can be secured from any ticket agent in the Northwest, and at the Company's offices in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

☞ When going to Chicago and the East, ask for tickets through Elroy and Madison, and when going to Yankton, Omaha, Kansas City and the Southwest, ask for tickets through Sioux City, and you will have the satisfaction of riding over one of the best roads in the United States, and that road is the

C., ST. P., M. & O.

F. B. CLARKE, Gen'l Traffic Manager. T. W. TEASDALE, Gen'l Ag't, St. Paul, Minn.

D. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL

Cures Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lame Back, Sprains and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and aches.

The best internal and external remedy in the world. Every bottle guaranteed.

Price, 50 cents and $1.00.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs,
BUFFALO, N. Y., U. S. A.

LYON & HEALY

State & Monroe Sts., Chicago.

Will send prepaid to any address their **BAND CATALOGUE,** for 1882, 200 pages, 210 Engravings of Instruments, Suits, Caps, Belts, Pompons, Epaulets, Cap-Lamps, Stands, Drum Major's Staffs, and Hats, Sundry Band Outfits, Repairing Materials, also Includes Instruction and Exercises for Amateur Bands, and a Catalogue of Choice Band Music.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Bismarck Tribune.

Wheat is king.

Laziness is the short cut to want.

Bismarck has pretty flower gardens.

Bismarck should have an electric light.

Loosen your hide and boom your town.

Wogansport, it is said, contains a crank.

Male and female help for harvest is scarce.

Considerable travel on the Standing Rock coach.

Better weather for harvesting could not be asked.

The New Jerusalem is above Painted Woods.

Mrs. Lucy Baily's residence is almost completed.

The bottle has killed more men than the bullet.

Trees that were planted this spring are doing well.

What shall the harvest be? A big crop of No. 1 hard.

The Mouse river country is rapidly filling up with people.

Jacob Dietrich will build a new house in block seventy-six.

Capt. Thos. Mariner is going to thresh No. 1 hard for a change.

A foundation for Walter Sterland's new cottage is being laid.

Have you bought your lots yet? They are booming up in price.

Money will be in demand to handle the immense grain crops.

Henry Ward is visiting his brother Oscar, at his home in the city.

There will be a home demand for all the oats in Burleigh county.

Take your wife and your sister and aunt out to see the golden grain.

Quite a number of blue-coats are seeing the sights of the metropolis.

Mr. Conkrite is building a large addition to his Third street residence.

The Missouri colony, in the east corner of Burleigh county, is flourishing.

Capt. Braithwaite reports the steam ferry Undine as doing a good business.

Bismarck wives are said te be fond of plants, flowers and their husbands.

A large building of some sort is being erected at the new town of Sterling.

The harvest is about one quarter done in Burleigh county.

It cost the city $460 to get a grade survey of its streets, and it was money well spent.

The county of Cass is to vote for $100,000 bonds, and the city of Fargo for $50,000 more.

L. N. Griffin was again offered $12,000 cash for his Merchants Hotel property yesterday. He refused the offer.

There is more honor and decidedly more wealth in being a bonanza farmer than alderman in the city of Bismarck.

A motion at the last session of the city council to exempt from taxation all home steads in the city of Bismarck, was lost.

John Veeder has resigned the office of alderman from the First Ward. John has a homestead and is now living at Washburn.

With a complete system of waterworks, which Bismarck will soon have, the city will be pretty effectually protected from fire.

Some one has lost a bunch of keys. Owner can have the same by calling at the TRIBUNE office and paying for this notice.

Chas. G. Steele succeeded in organizing a Knights of Honor lodge at Jamestown. It is not stated whether he joined the Jamestown relief asseciation or not.

Arrangements have been nearly perfected for the erection of a fine two-story brick, fifty foot front, on Main street, between Third Fourth, as soon as the Union block is finished.

Strange as it may seem, the game laws of the territory do not prohibit the killing of geese or ducks, but relate wholly to the killing of prairie chicken, grouse, snipe, curlew, plover, deer, antelope, elk and buffalo.

Some have an idea that it is unlawful, even during the season, to shoot prairie chicken, grouse, snipe and plover for sale or traffic, but such is not the case, the revised statutes clearly stating that such traffic can be carried on within the boundaries of the territory.

A vein of pure water has been struck in the artesian well at Hillsboro, D. T. at a depth of 160 feet. The water spouts up a distance of twenty feet above the ground. Every artesian well in Dakota thus far has been a success, which is encouraging to the stockholders of the Bismarck institution.

D. I. Bailey & Co. have a new curiosity, which would be a suitable ornament in any parlor. It is a combination birdcage and aquarium. The arrangement is such that the bird can go up into a glass globe in the center of the aquarium and watch the movements of the fish. The ladies should see it, and some one should buy it.

Nothing advertises a town so much as actual building operations. The erection of the Union block has done more good thus far than the erection of a hundred cheap buildings. Capitalists are impressed with the confidence of the citizens themselves in the future of the city, and it serves as a stimulus to any favorable impressions they may have as to the advantageous location for a great city at this point.

About the new wire being strung to Bismarck the Fargo Argus says: "Manager Inman, of the Western Union Telegraph office, states that a new wire has been run to Casselton and connected with the Mayville branch wire, thus giving direct communication for Fargo with Amenia, Hunter, Blanchard and Mayville. This work was formerly repeated at Casselton and over very busy railroad wires. Two crews are at work stringing new commercial wires from Fargo to Bismarck, which will be in operation by the last of August. Fargo is to be the exchange point and the commercial wires will be divided here. This brings all local points west between Fargo and Bismarck on a new commercial wire, doubling the capacity for business, and relieving the North Pacific railroad wire of all commercial business, adds greatly to security and dispatch. These additions give Fargo nine full sets of instruments, besides repeaters, sounders and relays."

The Reaper Trial.

The time fixed was 2 p. m. on the 8th inst. The McCormick, Wood, Deering and St. Paul machines were expected to contest for the championship. Two Wood and one McCormick appeared on the field. The Deering, O. H. Beal, agent, and St. Paul, Joseph Hare, agent, for some unexplained cause did not put in an appearance. The Wood, S. B. Lawrence, agent, and the McCormick McLean & Macnider, agents, were on deck ready for action.

The machines went in, both working well, the Wood in the lead on the first round, the McCormick immediately following. The distance around the piece was one mile and a half. The grain was very heavy most of the way, and some of it badly lodged. On this round the McCormick missed eight bundles and the Wood twenty-eight. On the second the McCormick took the lead and came in twelve minutes ahead of the Wood, missing twelve bundles and the Wood eight. The spectators were decidedly of the opinion that the Wood had the advantage on this trip owing to the slower time made.

On the two rounds the Wood lost thirty-six bundles and the McCormick twenty.

Both did excellent work, and although the judges by a vote of three to two decided in favor of the Wood machine in this trial, the friends of the McCormick were not in the least disheartened. The judges were J. W. Raymond and R. B. Mason, chosen by the McCormick people. Ed Sloan, who owned the Wood machine on trial, and Mike Francis, chosen by the Wood, agent, and C. S. Weaver, chosen by the other four.

The McCormick machines having been all sold, the agent sent into the country ten miles and brought in a machine which had never cut a bundle, and barely got it there at the appointed hour. This was its first trial, while the Wood had been working the day before, and having been thoroughly tested, was in perfect working order.

The trial was on John Quinlan's farm, one mile east of Bismarck. It consists of 160 acres, all in crop. The crop consists of wheat and oats. The machines cut around an eighty acre tract of oats. The oats were very heavy, and barring one or two places, will certainly yield from sixty to eighty bushels per acre.

This is the first reaper trial in Burleigh county. Fully two hundred people were present; among them a liberal sprinkling of ladies. The day was pleasant and quite cool for the season. The grain was in good condition although a little green. Not a drop of rain has fallen so far during harvest, and from present indications the Missouri slope will justify its reputation for fair weather harvests.

This year Burleigh county raises its second wheat crop. The agents of the several machines—some of whom have been in the harvest fields for the past two months—have been here, and without exception they pronounce the Burleigh county crop the best they have seen. The wheat will average thirty bushels per acre and the oats sixty. In the field where the reaper trial was there was corn standing over eight feet high, well eared

This will be the banner county in Dakota this year, and the future all machine manufacturers will be glad to be represented.

A Deserter Caught.

Saturday morning a soldier from Fort Lincoln procured a horse and buggy at Stoyell's livery stable, and proceeded eastward. As he did not return in the evening Stoyell concluded that he was attempting to make way with his horse. Accordingly, accompanied by Geo. Reed, he went after the soldier on horseback, and City Marshal Waldon started for Steele on a freight train to head the culprit off. Stoyell and Reed rode about seventy miles here and there on the soldier's track, but failed to find him They found, however, that he had gone east, and accordingly telegraphed Waldron that he was probably at Fifteenth siding. Waldron found him between Steele and Fifteenth siding walking eastward, he having tied the horse to a telegraph pole. The deserter, who gives his names as Chas. H. Reban, now languishes in the county jail

The Coming Fair.

Farmers and others interested must bear in mind that Bismarck and Burleigh county propose to hold a fair next month. It is impossible to have a good fair unless there are plenty of specimens of grain and produce. Burleigh county can, if the people take the proper interest, make the best showing of any county in the whole northwest, as regards the quality and yield of all kinds of grain and vegetables. Let every farmer save several sheaves of wheat, oats, rye, barley, &c., and bring them in for exhibition. Some of those products will be sent all over the country as indisputable evidence of what the Missouri slope can do. Samples for the fair should be gathered with care and hung up in some place where they will not be picked to pieces or disturbed in any way.

A Neat Ticket Office.

Ticket agent Mr. John Davidson is making the Bismarck office look like a prize exhibition at the world's fair. He has arranged all kinds of grain in an artistic fashion about the room, and besides being decidedly ornamental, these specimens of what Burleigh county can do on her farm lands will prove a great advertising card for this section and the North Pacific road. Mr. Davidson desires to get specimens of all kinds of grains and vegetables, and every farmer should bring in a bunch. Each specimen will be labeled, so that parties inspecting the premises may know exactly where the grain was grown and by whom. This enterprise and thoughtfulness on the part of Mr. Davidson is very commendable.

Good Corn Country.

John Quinlan has a piece of corn which averages eight feet high, and there are many other pieces in the county looking equally well. Let it be distinctly understood that corn can be raised in this part of North Dakota.

The New Elevator.

The contract for building the new elevator, near the Bismarck flouring mills, will be awarded to-day. Work is to begin on the structure immediately, and it is to be finished in sixty days. It will be 40x60 feet, and have a capacity of 75,000 bushels. The building will be built so that it can be added to at any time, and machinery will now be put in for 150,000 bushels capacity. This enterprise will be of great worth to Bismarck and the farmers of Burleigh county. The projectors of the enterprise are Messrs. Fairchild, Fisher, Porter, Eisenberg, McLean, Macnider and Slattery.

Purely Personal.

I. G. Baker went east yesterday morning.

Judge Rea returned to Minneapolis yesterday.

Capt. Greene, of Fort Lincoln, took in the metropolis yesterday.

Capt. Dave Campbell, the boy pilot, attended the opera last evening.

John J. Jackman will leave in a few days for a grand hunt in the Little Missouri country.

Messrs. Whitley and Allison, of Steele, spent yesterday in the metropolis. They also visited Mandan.

Wm. A. Dillon, Esq., cashier of the First National bank, is suffering with painful neuralgia in the head.

Mr. Crum, brother and son, are looking over the county and are well pleased. They come from Virginia.

Wm. S. Bannon yesterday purchased lot 14, block 136, Williams' addition, and will build thereon this fall. Consideration, $100.

Mrs. C. C. Woods, of St. Paul, arrived in the city last evening. She will take a boat for Benton, where she will join her husband, a prominent cattle man.

To see if Bismarck is not a better town to live in and die in than Winnipeg, Mr. E. C. Egan comes all the way from that city and registers at the Sheridan.

W. F. Steele came in last evening with the Sir John Rose party. He reports harvesting proceeding nicely in his section, and that his crops will surprise the world.

Frank Dennis, Minneapolis: H. F. Ketching, Detroit, Mich.: H. C. Howard and W. B. Smith, Mankato, and David McWilliams, Dwight, Ill., are living high at the Sheridan.

Greenville, which is a pretty, neat little Michigan city, has its delegation in the west, Mr. G. H. Heath, Miss E. Keeth and Mrs. S. W. Savage, of that city, being at the Sheridan.

The Hon. A. T. Ankeny and wife, Miss Moore and Judge Ames, of Minneapolis, are visiting the metropolis to see if all they have heard is true, and if they have heard the truth.

C. F. Hobart came up from Fargo with the Sir John Rose party and remained in Bismarck over night. He is satisfied that he never saw such crops as are now being harvested in Burleigh county.

Col. Tilford, U. S. A., was in the city yesterday. He goes to Fort Buford, and there assumes command of the post. The colonel is an owner of Bismarck dirt, and if he was in civil life would be termed a boomer.

G. W. Crier and J. Dellenger, Tiffin, O.; H. A. Palmer, Republic, O.; S. C. McBrier, Youngstown, O.; J. S. Sheridan, Nauvoo, Ill.; Thos. Maguire, East Dubuque, Ill.: Oliver Demotte, Taylorsville, Ill., were registered at the Merchants last evening.

Morris Cahn, of Leighton & Co., Miles City, was a passenger on yesterday's eastern train en route to visit his family at Evansville, Ind. They will return with Mr. Cahn and make Miles City their home hereafter. Mr. Cahn is one of the best-liked and most whole-souled men in the whole northwest.

E. S. Norton, of St. Paul, and John A. Stoyell purchased twenty-two Bismarck lots less than a month ago. They have since been offered for two of them more than all of them cost. Not a bad speculation.

The numerous friends of Mr. Jos. Hanauer will be pleased to learn that he is now out of danger, and will be able to leave his room in a few days. Intimate friends and relatives have watched at the sick man's bedside during the past three days and nights, and every attention has been paid to his wants and necessities.

The Fargo Republican of yesterday says: "Frank Burton, Esq., of the editorial staff of the Philadelphia Press, arrived yesterday and is spending several days in Fargo. He is going west as far as Bismarck, and if all along the line he finds such evidences of prosperity as he sees in Fargo, he shall conclude that this is indeed a wonderful country."

G. H. Fairchild, Prest. W. A. Dillon, Cash'r.
Asa Fisher, Vice Pres't. F. W. McKinney, Ass't Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BISMARCK,

BISMARCK, - - DAKOTA

Capital, - - - - - - - $50,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits. 6,000

DIRECTORS:
G. H. FAIRCHILD, H. R. PORTER,
ASA FISHER. DAN EISENBERG.
H. F. DOUGLAS.

Correspondents:
American Exchange Nat. Bank. New York.
First National Bank, Chicago.
Merchants Nat. Bank, St. Paul.

Exchange on all the Principal Cities of Europe. Collections Receive Prompt Attention. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ANY BUSINESS IN OUR LINE.
Ocean Steamboat Tickets.

Carpenter & Cary,

Land Agents

N. P. R. R. CO.,

Mandan, D. T

Town Lots in all parts of Mandan. Desirable lots in the N. P, addition to Mandan. If you want to buy or sell, call on

Carpenter & Cary.

THE
IMPERISHABLE PERFUME
Murray & Lanman's
FLORIDA WATER
Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

For Sale.

A valuable farm of 160 acres, on Apple creek, three miles from Bismarck. Also 100 acres of meadow grass for sale. MRS. KELLY.

Give him a Rest.

When enfeebled by long suffering proceeding from torpid liver, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, or sick headache, take Burdock Blood Bitters, which give rest to the weary, and reinvigorates all the organs of the body. Price $1.00, trial size 10 cents. For sale by P. V, & Co.

We are pleased to note that Cole's Veterinary Carbolisalve is meeting with universal favor among prominent horsemen. It is an article of true merit, and one that deserves to have a prominent place in every stable.—Chicago Horseman. For sale by P. V. & Co.

How many a sweet face is marred
By yellow teeth and failing gums,
And mouth and lips all hot and hard,
And breath deep-tainted as it comes;
And yet, with SOZODONT, we may
Keep all these dire effects at bay

Mortgage Sale.—

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the sum of Six Hundred and Fifty-six and 70-100 dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Monroe D Downs, mortgagor, to M.P. Slattery, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of June A. D. 1881, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Burleigh, and Territory of Dakota, on the 16th day of June A. D. 1881, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book B of mortgages on page 203, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half (n½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast qtarter (ne¼) and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of section ten (10) in township one hundred and thirty-eight (138) of range seventy-nine (79) west, in Burleigh county and Territory of Dakota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Burleigh county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Bismarck in said county, and Territory, on the 30th day of September, A. D. 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 10, A D 1882.

M. P SLATTERY, Mortgagee.
FLANNERY & WETHERBY, Attorneys. 10-16

In Good Spirits.

T. Walker, Cleveland, O., writes: "For the last twelve months I have suffered with lumbago and general debility. I commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters about six weeks ago, and now have great pleasure in stating that I have recovered my appetite, my complexion has grown ruddy, and feel better altogether." Price $1.00, trial size 10 cents. For sale by P. V. & Co.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York city.

Probate Notice.

Territory of Dakota, county of Burleigh, ss
In Probate Court in and for Burleigh county.

In the matter of the estate of Julia B. Sheldon deceased.

On filing the final account of John E. Sheldon administrator of the estate of Julia B. Sheldon, deceased, and on application of said John B. Sheldon for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, and it appearing that said estate is ready for distribution, it is ordered that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a general term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh county, D. T. on the 4th day of September, 1882 at ten o'clock a m of said day It is further ordered that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the order of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate, be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing, in the Bismarck Weekly Tribune, a paper printed and published in the county of Burleigh, D T., and also by posting in three of the most public places of said county a copy of said notice for the same period of time By the court.

E. N COREY, Judge of Probate.

Dated Aug 11. 1882.
John E. Carland, Atty for Administrator. 10-13

Probate Notice.

Territory of Dakota, county of Burleigh, ss.
In Probate Court in and for Burleigh county.

In the matter of the estate of Mary McGowan, deceased.

On filing the final account of Thomas McGowan, administrator of the estate of Mary McGowan, deceased, and on application of said Thomas McGowan for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, and it appearing that said estate is ready for distribution, it is ordered that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a general term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh county, D T on the 4th day of September, 1882, at ten o'clock a m. of said day. It is further ordered that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the order of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate, be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing, in the Bismarck Weekly Tribune, a paper printed and published in the county of Burleigh, D T, and also by posting in three of the most public places of said county, a copy of said notice for the same period of time. By the court.

E. N COREY, Judge of Probate.

Dated Aug 11 1882
John E Carland, Att'y for Administrator 10 14

Probate Notice.

Territory of Dakota, County of Burleigh, ss
In Probate court, in and for Burleigh county,

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Mathey, deceased

On filing the final account of Valentine Shreck administrator of the estate of Alexander Mathey deceased, and on application of said Valentine Shreck for the adjustment and allowance of his administration account, and the assignment of the residue of said estate to such persons as are by law entitled to the same, and it appearing that said estate is ready for distribution, it is ordered that said account be examined, adjusted and allowed at a general term of said court to be held at the court house in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh county, D T on the 4th day of September, 1882, at ten o'clock a m. of said day. It is further ordered that upon the adjustment and allowance of such account by the court as aforesaid, the residue of said estate be by the order of this court assigned to such persons as are by law entitled to the same. It is further ordered that notice of the time and place of the examination and allowance of such account and of the assignment of the residue of said estate, be given to all persons interested by publication of said notice for three successive weeks next before said day of hearing, in the Bismarck Weekly Tribune, a paper printed and published in the county of Burleigh, D. T and also by posting in three of the most public places of said county a copy of said notice for the same period of time. By the court

E N COREY, Judge of Probate.

Dated Aug 11. 1882
John E. Carland Atty for Administrator. 10-13

Dry Goods!

Don't forget that we are headquarters on Dry Goods always. A full line in all the novelties of the season. All orders from the country will have prompt attention.

Dan Eisenberg.

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